

Vanguard Funds

Supplement Dated June 5, 2024, to the Prospectuses

Important Changes to the Funds

In March 2024, the Board of Trustees of Vanguard Municipal Cash Management Fund (MCMT) approved (1) the reclassification of MCMT from an institutional tax-exempt money market fund to a short-term municipal bond fund, and (2) MCMT's name change to Vanguard Municipal Low Duration Fund.

Prospectus Text Changes

Under the "Cash Management" heading, the following replaces the first sentence:

The Fund's (for Vanguard Variable Insurance Funds, "The Portfolio's") daily cash balance may be invested in Vanguard Market Liquidity Fund, a low-cost money market fund, and/or Vanguard Municipal Low Duration Fund, a short-term municipal bond fund (each, a CMT Fund).



Vanguard Target Retirement Funds Prospectus

January 31, 2024

Investor Shares

Vanguard Target Retirement Income Fund Investor Shares (VTINX)

Vanguard Target Retirement 2020 Fund Investor Shares (VTWNX)

Vanguard Target Retirement 2025 Fund Investor Shares (VTTVX)

Vanguard Target Retirement 2030 Fund Investor Shares (VTHRX)

Vanguard Target Retirement 2035 Fund Investor Shares (VTTHX)

Vanguard Target Retirement 2040 Fund Investor Shares (VFORX)

Vanguard Target Retirement 2045 Fund Investor Shares (VTIVX)

Vanguard Target Retirement 2050 Fund Investor Shares (VFIFX)

Vanguard Target Retirement 2055 Fund Investor Shares (VFFVX)

Vanguard Target Retirement 2060 Fund Investor Shares (VTTSX)

Vanguard Target Retirement 2065 Fund Investor Shares (VLXVX)

Vanguard Target Retirement 2070 Fund Investor Shares (VSVNX)

This prospectus contains financial data for the Funds through the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

The Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the adequacy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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Vanguard Target Retirement Income Fund

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks to provide current income and some capital appreciation.

Fees and Expenses

The following tables describe the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and example below.

Shareholder Fees

(Fees paid directly from your investment)

Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases	None
Purchase Fee	None
Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends	None
Redemption Fee	None
Account Service Fee Per Year	
(for certain fund account balances below \$5,000,000)	\$25

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.00%
12b-1 Distribution Fee	None
Other Expenses	0.00%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.08%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.08%

Example

The following example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund (based on the fees and expenses of the acquired funds) with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. It illustrates the hypothetical expenses that you would incur over various periods if you were to invest \$10,000 in the Fund's shares. This example assumes that the Fund provides a return of 5% each year and that total annual fund operating expenses (of the Fund and its underlying funds) remain as stated in the preceding table. You would incur these hypothetical expenses whether or not you were to redeem your investment at the end of the given period. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$8	\$26	\$45	\$103

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund may pay transaction costs, such as purchase fees, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in more taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the previous expense example, reduce the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 4% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund invests in a mix of Vanguard mutual funds (underlying funds) according to an asset allocation strategy designed for investors currently in retirement. As of September 30, 2023, the Fund's allocation among the underlying asset classes was as follows:

U.S. fixed income securities	37.2%
• U.S. stocks	17.5%
Inflation-indexed securities	17.1%
Foreign fixed income securities	16.2%
Foreign stocks	12.0%

At any given time, the Fund's asset allocation may be affected by a variety of factors, such as whether the underlying funds are accepting additional investments.

The Fund's indirect fixed income holdings are a diversified mix of short-, intermediate-, and long-term U.S. government, U.S. agency, and investment-grade U.S. corporate bonds; inflation-protected public obligations

issued by the U.S. Treasury; mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities; and government, agency, corporate, and securitized investment-grade foreign bonds issued in currencies other than the U.S. dollar (but hedged by Vanguard to minimize foreign currency exposure).

The Fund's indirect stock holdings are a diversified mix of U.S. and foreign large-, mid-, and small-capitalization stocks.

Principal Risks

The Fund is subject to the risks associated with the stock and bond markets, any of which could cause an investor to lose money, and the level of risk may vary based on market conditions. An investment in the Fund is not guaranteed. An investor may experience losses. There is no guarantee that the Fund will provide adequate income through retirement. Because bonds and short-term investments are typically less volatile than stocks and because the Fund invests most of its assets in bonds and short-term investments, the Fund's overall level of risk is expected to be low to moderate.

- With approximately 70% of its assets allocated to fixed income securities, the Fund is proportionately subject to the following bond risks: interest rate risk, which is the chance that bond prices overall will decline because of rising interest rates; income risk, which is the chance that an underlying fund's income will decline because of falling interest rates; credit risk, which is the chance that a bond issuer will fail to pay interest or principal in a timely manner or that negative perceptions of the issuer's ability to make such payments will cause the price of that bond to decline, thus reducing the underlying fund's return; and call risk, which is the chance that during periods of falling interest rates, issuers of callable bonds may call (redeem) securities with higher coupon rates or interest rates before their maturity dates. An underlying fund would then lose any price appreciation above the bond's call price and would be forced to reinvest the unanticipated proceeds at lower interest rates, resulting in a decline in the underlying fund's income. The Fund is also subject to the following risks associated with investments in currency-hedged foreign bonds: country/regional risk, which is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value and/or liquidity of securities issued by foreign governments, government agencies, or companies; and currency hedging risk, which is the chance that the currency hedging transactions entered into by the underlying foreign fixed income securities funds may not perfectly offset the fund's foreign currency exposure.
- With approximately 30% of its assets allocated to stocks, the Fund is proportionately subject to *stock market risk*, which is the chance that stock prices overall will decline. Stock markets tend to move in cycles, with periods of rising prices and periods of falling prices. The Fund is also subject to the following risks associated with investments in foreign stocks: *country/regional risk*, which is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value of securities issued by companies in foreign countries or regions; and *currency risk*, which is the chance that the value of a foreign investment, measured in U.S. dollars, will decrease

because of unfavorable changes in currency exchange rates. Country/regional risk and currency risk are especially high in emerging markets.

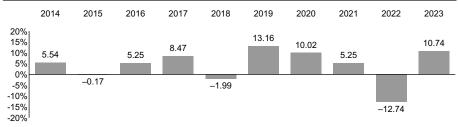
• The Fund is also subject to asset allocation risk, which is the chance that the selection of underlying funds, and the allocation of assets to them, will cause the Fund to underperform other funds with a similar investment objective.

An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Annual Total Returns

The following bar chart and table are intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund has varied from one calendar year to another over the periods shown. The table shows how the average annual total returns of the Fund compare with those of relevant market indexes and a composite stock/bond index, which have investment characteristics similar to those of the Fund. The Target Retirement Income Composite Index is a custom blended index developed by Vanguard based on the Fund's asset allocation glide schedule, which becomes more conservative as time elapses. As of September 30, 2023, the composite was derived using the following portion allocations: 12% FTSE Global All Cap ex US Index; 37.2% Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index; 16.8% Bloomberg U.S. Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities (TIPS) 0-5 Year Index; 16% Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD Float Adjusted RIC Capped Index (USD Hedged); and 18% CRSP US Total Market Index. International stock benchmark returns are adjusted for withholding taxes. The components that make up the composite index may vary over time. Percentages listed may not total to 100% due to rounding. Keep in mind that the Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) does not indicate how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available on our website at vanguard.com/performance or by calling Vanguard toll-free at 800-662-7447.





During the periods shown in the bar chart, the highest and lowest returns for a calendar quarter were:

	Total Return	Quarter
Highest	7.84%	June 30, 2020
Lowest	-7.37%	June 30, 2022

Average Annual Total Returns for Periods Ended December 31, 2023

	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Vanguard Target Retirement Income Fund Investor Shares			
Return Before Taxes	10.74%	4.83%	4.09%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	9.23	3.43	2.89
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	6.62	3.39	2.83
Target Retirement Income Composite Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	10.80%	5.13%	4.32%
Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	5.53	1.10	1.81

Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown in the preceding table. When after-tax returns are calculated, it is assumed that the shareholder was in the highest individual federal marginal income tax bracket at the time of each distribution of income or capital gains or upon redemption. State and local income taxes are not reflected in the calculations. Please note that after-tax returns are not relevant for a shareholder who holds fund shares in a tax-deferred account, such as an individual retirement account or a 401(k) plan. Also, figures captioned *Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares* may be higher than other figures for the same period if a capital loss occurs upon redemption and results in an assumed tax deduction for the shareholder.

Investment Advisor

The Vanguard Group, Inc. (Vanguard)

Portfolio Managers

Roger A. Aliaga-Diaz, Ph.D., Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. He has co-managed the Fund since 2023.

Aurélie Denis, CFA, Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. She has co-managed the Fund since 2023.

Michael R. Roach, Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. He has co-managed the Fund since 2023.

Walter Nejman, Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. He has co-managed the Fund since 2013.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase or redeem shares online through our website (vanguard.com), by mail (The Vanguard Group, P.O. Box 982901, El Paso, TX 79998-2901), or by telephone (800-662-2739). The minimum investment amount required to open and maintain a Fund account for Investor Shares is \$1,000. The minimum investment amount required to add to an existing Fund account is generally \$1. Financial intermediaries, institutional clients, and Vanguard-advised clients should contact Vanguard for information on special eligibility rules that may apply to them regarding Investor Shares. If you are investing through an intermediary, please contact that firm directly for more information regarding your eligibility. If you are investing through an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, your plan administrator or your benefits office can provide you with detailed information on how you can invest through your plan.

Tax Information

The Fund's distributions may be taxable as ordinary income or capital gain. If you are investing through a tax-advantaged account, such as an IRA or an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, special tax rules apply.

Payments to Financial Intermediaries

The Fund and its investment advisor do not pay financial intermediaries for sales of Fund shares.

Vanguard Target Retirement 2020 Fund

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks to provide capital appreciation and current income consistent with its current asset allocation.

Fees and Expenses

The following tables describe the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and example below.

Shareholder Fees

(Fees paid directly from your investment)

Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases	None
Purchase Fee	None
Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends	None
Redemption Fee	None
Account Service Fee Per Year	
(for certain fund account balances below \$5,000,000)	\$25

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.00%
12b-1 Distribution Fee	None
Other Expenses	0.00%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.08%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.08%

Example

The following example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund (based on the fees and expenses of the acquired funds) with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. It illustrates the hypothetical expenses that you would incur over various periods if you were to invest \$10,000 in the Fund's shares. This example assumes that the Fund provides a return of 5% each year and that total annual fund operating expenses (of the Fund and its underlying funds) remain as stated in the preceding table. You would incur these hypothetical expenses whether or not you were to redeem your investment at the end of the given period. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$8	\$26	\$45	\$103

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund may pay transaction costs, such as purchase fees, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in more taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the previous expense example, reduce the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 3% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund invests in a mix of Vanguard mutual funds (underlying funds) according to an asset allocation strategy designed for investors planning to retire and leave the workforce in or within a few years of 2020 (the target year). The Fund is designed for an investor who plans to withdraw the value of an account in the Fund over a period of many years after the target year. The Fund's asset allocation will become more conservative over time, meaning that the percentage of assets allocated to stocks will decrease while the percentage of assets allocated to bonds and other fixed income investments will increase. Within seven years after 2020, the Fund's asset allocation should become similar to that of Vanguard Target Retirement Income Fund. As of September 30, 2023, the Fund's allocation among the underlying asset classes was as follows:

 U.S. fixed income securities 	32.9%
• U.S. stocks	24.0%
Foreign stocks	16.4%
Foreign fixed income securities	14.8%
Inflation-indexed securities	11.9%

At any given time, the Fund's asset allocation may be affected by a variety of factors, such as whether the underlying funds are accepting additional investments.

The Fund's indirect fixed income holdings are a diversified mix of short-, intermediate-, and long-term U.S. government, U.S. agency, and investment-grade U.S. corporate bonds; inflation-protected public obligations issued by the U.S. Treasury; mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities; and government, agency, corporate, and securitized investment-grade foreign bonds issued in currencies other than the U.S. dollar (but hedged by Vanguard to minimize foreign currency exposure).

The Fund's indirect stock holdings are a diversified mix of U.S. and foreign large-, mid-, and small-capitalization stocks.

Principal Risks

The Fund is subject to the risks associated with the stock and bond markets, any of which could cause an investor to lose money, and the level of risk may vary based on market conditions. An investment in the Fund is not guaranteed. An investor may experience losses, including losses near, at, or after the target year. There is no guarantee that the Fund will provide adequate income at or after the target year. Because fixed income securities such as bonds are typically less volatile than stocks and because the Fund currently invests a majority of its assets in fixed income securities, the Fund's overall level of risk is expected to be lower than that of funds investing entirely in stocks.

 With approximately 57% of its assets allocated to fixed income securities, the Fund is proportionately subject to the following bond risks: interest rate risk, which is the chance that bond prices overall will decline because of rising interest rates; income risk, which is the chance that an underlying fund's income will decline because of falling interest rates; credit risk, which is the chance that a bond issuer will fail to pay interest or principal in a timely manner or that negative perceptions of the issuer's ability to make such payments will cause the price of that bond to decline, thus reducing the underlying fund's return; and call risk, which is the chance that during periods of falling interest rates, issuers of callable bonds may call (redeem) securities with higher coupon rates or interest rates before their maturity dates. An underlying fund would then lose any price appreciation above the bond's call price and would be forced to reinvest the unanticipated proceeds at lower interest rates, resulting in a decline in the underlying fund's income. The Fund is also subject to the following risks associated with investments in currency-hedged foreign bonds: country/regional risk, which is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value and/or liquidity of securities issued by foreign governments, government agencies, or companies; and currency hedging risk, which is the chance that the currency hedging

transactions entered into by the underlying foreign fixed income securities funds may not perfectly offset the fund's foreign currency exposure.

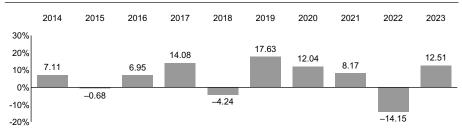
- With approximately 43% of its assets allocated to stocks, the Fund is proportionately subject to *stock market risk*, which is the chance that stock prices overall will decline. Stock markets tend to move in cycles, with periods of rising prices and periods of falling prices. The Fund is also subject to the following risks associated with investments in foreign stocks: *country/regional risk*, which is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value of securities issued by companies in foreign countries or regions; and *currency risk*, which is the chance that the value of a foreign investment, measured in U.S. dollars, will decrease because of unfavorable changes in currency exchange rates. Country/regional risk and currency risk are especially high in emerging markets.
- The Fund is also subject to asset allocation risk, which is the chance that the selection of underlying funds, and the allocation of assets to them, will cause the Fund to underperform other funds with a similar investment objective.

An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Annual Total Returns

The following bar chart and table are intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund has varied from one calendar year to another over the periods shown. The table shows how the average annual total returns of the Fund compare with those of relevant market indexes and a composite stock/bond index, which have investment characteristics similar to those of the Fund. The Target Retirement 2020 Composite Index is a custom blended index developed by Vanguard based on the Fund's asset allocation glide schedule, which becomes more conservative as time elapses. As of September 30, 2023, the composite was derived using the following portion allocations: 16.3% FTSE Global All Cap ex US Index; 33% Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index; 12.1% Bloomberg U.S. Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities (TIPS) 0-5 Year Index; 14.2% Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD Float Adjusted RIC Capped Index (USD Hedged); and 24.4% CRSP US Total Market Index. International stock benchmark returns are adjusted for withholding taxes. The components that make up the composite index may vary over time. Percentages listed may not total to 100% due to rounding. Keep in mind that the Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) does not indicate how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available on our website at vanguard.com/performance or by calling Vanguard toll-free at 800-662-7447.





During the periods shown in the bar chart, the highest and lowest returns for a calendar quarter were:

	Total Return	Quarter
Highest	11.40%	June 30, 2020
Lowest	-10.76%	March 31, 2020

Average Annual Total Returns for Periods Ended December 31, 2023

	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Vanguard Target Retirement 2020 Fund Investor Shares			
Return Before Taxes	12.51%	6.61%	5.52%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	10.57	4.50	3.97
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	8.15	4.90	4.08
Target Retirement 2020 Composite Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	12.65%	6.98%	5.81%
Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	5.60	1.17	1.83
MSCI US Broad Market Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	26.21	15.32	11.57

Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown in the preceding table. When after-tax returns are calculated, it is assumed that the shareholder was in the highest individual federal marginal income tax bracket at the time of each distribution of income or capital gains or upon redemption. State and local income taxes are not reflected in the calculations. Please note that after-tax returns are not relevant for a shareholder who holds fund shares in a tax-deferred account, such as an individual retirement account or a 401(k) plan. Also, figures captioned *Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares* may be higher than other figures for the same period if a capital loss occurs upon redemption and results in an assumed tax deduction for the shareholder.

Investment Advisor

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Michael R. Roach, Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. He has co-managed the Fund since 2023.

Walter Nejman, Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. He has co-managed the Fund since 2013.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase or redeem shares online through our website (vanguard.com), by mail (The Vanguard Group, P.O. Box 982901, El Paso, TX 79998-2901), or by telephone (800-662-2739). The minimum investment amount required to open and maintain a Fund account for Investor Shares is \$1,000. The minimum investment amount required to add to an existing Fund account is generally \$1. Financial intermediaries, institutional clients, and Vanguard-advised clients should contact Vanguard for information on special eligibility rules that may apply to them regarding Investor Shares. If you are investing through an intermediary, please contact that firm directly for more information regarding your eligibility. If you are investing through an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, your plan administrator or your benefits office can provide you with detailed information on how you can invest through your plan.

Tax Information

The Fund's distributions may be taxable as ordinary income or capital gain. If you are investing through a tax-advantaged account, such as an IRA or an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, special tax rules apply.

Payments to Financial Intermediaries

The Fund and its investment advisor do not pay financial intermediaries for sales of Fund shares.

Vanguard Target Retirement 2025 Fund

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks to provide capital appreciation and current income consistent with its current asset allocation.

Fees and Expenses

The following tables describe the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and example below.

Shareholder Fees

(Fees paid directly from your investment)

Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases	None
Purchase Fee	None
Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends	None
Redemption Fee	None
Account Service Fee Per Year	
(for certain fund account balances below \$5,000,000)	\$25

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.00%
12b-1 Distribution Fee	None
Other Expenses	0.00%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.08%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.08%

Example

The following example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund (based on the fees and expenses of the acquired funds) with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. It illustrates the hypothetical expenses that you would incur over various periods if you were to invest \$10,000 in the Fund's shares. This example assumes that the Fund provides a return of 5% each year and that total annual fund operating expenses (of the Fund and its underlying funds) remain as stated in the preceding table. You would incur these hypothetical expenses whether or not you were to redeem your investment at the end of the given period. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$8	\$26	\$45	\$103

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund may pay transaction costs, such as purchase fees, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in more taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the previous expense example, reduce the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 6% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund invests in a mix of Vanguard mutual funds (underlying funds) according to an asset allocation strategy designed for investors planning to retire and leave the workforce in or within a few years of 2025 (the target year). The Fund is designed for an investor who plans to withdraw the value of an account in the Fund over a period of many years after the target year. The Fund's asset allocation will become more conservative over time, meaning that the percentage of assets allocated to stocks will decrease while the percentage of assets allocated to bonds and other fixed income investments will increase. Within seven years after 2025, the Fund's asset allocation should become similar to that of Vanguard Target Retirement Income Fund. As of September 30, 2023, the Fund's allocation among the underlying asset classes was as follows:

U.S. stocks	32.1%
U.S. fixed income securities	28.6%
Foreign stocks	21.8%
Foreign fixed income securities	12.7%
Inflation-indexed securities	4.8%

At any given time, the Fund's asset allocation may be affected by a variety of factors, such as whether the underlying funds are accepting additional investments.

The Fund's indirect stock holdings are a diversified mix of U.S. and foreign large-, mid-, and small-capitalization stocks.

The Fund's indirect fixed income holdings are a diversified mix of short-, intermediate-, and long-term U.S. government, U.S. agency, and investment-grade U.S. corporate bonds; inflation-protected public obligations issued by the U.S. Treasury; mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities; and government, agency, corporate, and securitized investment-grade foreign bonds issued in currencies other than the U.S. dollar (but hedged by Vanguard to minimize foreign currency exposure).

Principal Risks

The Fund is subject to the risks associated with the stock and bond markets, any of which could cause an investor to lose money, and the level of risk may vary based on market conditions. An investment in the Fund is not guaranteed. An investor may experience losses, including losses near, at, or after the target year. There is no guarantee that the Fund will provide adequate income at or after the target year. Because stocks are typically more volatile than bonds and because the Fund currently invests most of its assets in stocks, the Fund's overall level of risk should be higher than that of funds that invest the majority of their assets in bonds; however, the level of risk is expected to be lower than that of funds investing entirely in stocks.

- With approximately 55% of its assets allocated to stocks, the Fund is proportionately subject to *stock market risk*, which is the chance that stock prices overall will decline. Stock markets tend to move in cycles, with periods of rising prices and periods of falling prices. The Fund is also subject to the following risks associated with investments in foreign stocks: *country/regional risk*, which is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value of securities issued by companies in foreign countries or regions; and *currency risk*, which is the chance that the value of a foreign investment, measured in U.S. dollars, will decrease because of unfavorable changes in currency exchange rates. Country/regional risk and currency risk are especially high in emerging markets.
- With approximately 45% of its assets allocated to fixed income securities, the Fund is proportionately subject to the following bond risks: *interest rate risk*, which is the chance that bond prices overall will decline because of rising interest rates; *income risk*, which is the chance that an underlying fund's income will decline because of falling interest rates; *credit risk*, which is the chance that a bond issuer will fail to pay interest or principal in a timely manner or that negative

perceptions of the issuer's ability to make such payments will cause the price of that bond to decline, thus reducing the underlying fund's return; and *call risk*, which is the chance that during periods of falling interest rates, issuers of callable bonds may call (redeem) securities with higher coupon rates or interest rates before their maturity dates. An underlying fund would then lose any price appreciation above the bond's call price and would be forced to reinvest the unanticipated proceeds at lower interest rates, resulting in a decline in the underlying fund's income. The Fund is also subject to the following risks associated with investments in currency-hedged foreign bonds: *country/regional risk*, which is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value and/or liquidity of securities issued by foreign governments, government agencies, or companies; and *currency hedging risk*, which is the chance that the currency hedging transactions entered into by the underlying foreign fixed income securities funds may not perfectly offset the fund's foreign currency exposure.

• The Fund is also subject to asset allocation risk, which is the chance that the selection of underlying funds, and the allocation of assets to them, will cause the Fund to underperform other funds with a similar investment objective.

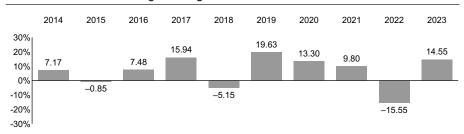
An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Annual Total Returns

The following bar chart and table are intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund has varied from one calendar year to another over the periods shown. The table shows how the average annual total returns of the Fund compare with those of relevant market indexes and a composite stock/bond index, which have investment characteristics similar to those of the Fund. The Target Retirement 2025 Composite Index is a custom blended index developed by Vanquard based on the Fund's asset allocation glide schedule, which becomes more conservative as time elapses. As of September 30, 2023, the composite was derived using the following portion allocations: 21.4% FTSE Global All Cap ex US Index; 28.9% Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index; 5.2% Bloomberg U.S. Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities (TIPS) 0-5 Year Index; 12.4% Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD Float Adjusted RIC Capped Index (USD Hedged); and 32.1% CRSP US Total Market Index. International stock benchmark returns are adjusted for withholding taxes. The components that make up the composite index may vary over time. Percentages listed may not total to 100% due to rounding. Keep in mind that the Fund's past performance (before and after taxes)

does not indicate how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available on our website at *vanguard.com/performance* or by calling Vanguard toll-free at 800-662-7447.

Annual Total Returns — Vanguard Target Retirement 2025 Fund Investor Shares



During the periods shown in the bar chart, the highest and lowest returns for a calendar quarter were:

	Total Return	Quarter
Highest	13.20%	June 30, 2020
Lowest	-12.95%	March 31, 2020

Average Annual Total Returns for Periods Ended December 31, 2023

	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Vanguard Target Retirement 2025 Fund Investor Shares			
Return Before Taxes	14.55%	7.56%	6.10%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	13.20	5.95	4.84
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	9.04	5.72	4.60
Target Retirement 2025 Composite Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	14.74%	8.01%	6.43%
MSCI US Broad Market Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	26.21	15.32	11.57
Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	5.60	1.17	1.83

Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown in the preceding table. When after-tax returns are calculated, it is assumed that the shareholder was in the highest individual federal marginal income tax bracket at the time of each distribution of income or capital gains or upon redemption. State and local income taxes are not reflected in the calculations. Please note that after-tax returns are not relevant for a shareholder who holds fund shares in a tax-deferred account, such as an individual retirement account or a 401(k) plan. Also, figures captioned *Return After Taxes*

on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares may be higher than other figures for the same period if a capital loss occurs upon redemption and results in an assumed tax deduction for the shareholder.

Investment Advisor

The Vanguard Group, Inc. (Vanguard)

Portfolio Managers

Roger A. Aliaga-Diaz, Ph.D., Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. He has co-managed the Fund since 2023.

Aurélie Denis, CFA, Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. She has co-managed the Fund since 2023.

Michael R. Roach, Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. He has co-managed the Fund since 2023.

Walter Nejman, Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. He has co-managed the Fund since 2013.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

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Tax Information

The Fund's distributions may be taxable as ordinary income or capital gain. If you are investing through a tax-advantaged account, such as an IRA or an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, special tax rules apply.

Payments to Financial Intermediaries

The Fund and its investment advisor do not pay financial intermediaries for sales of Fund shares.

Vanguard Target Retirement 2030 Fund

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks to provide capital appreciation and current income consistent with its current asset allocation.

Fees and Expenses

The following tables describe the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and example below.

Shareholder Fees

(Fees paid directly from your investment)

Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases	None
Purchase Fee	None
Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends	None
Redemption Fee	None
Account Service Fee Per Year	
(for certain fund account balances below \$5,000,000)	\$25

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.00%
12b-1 Distribution Fee	None
Other Expenses	0.00%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.08%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.08%

Example

The following example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund (based on the fees and expenses of the acquired funds) with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. It illustrates the hypothetical expenses that you would incur over various periods if you were to invest \$10,000 in the Fund's shares. This example assumes that the Fund provides a return of 5% each year and that total annual fund operating expenses (of the Fund and its underlying funds) remain as stated in the preceding table. You would incur these hypothetical expenses whether or not you were to redeem your investment at the end of the given period. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$8	\$26	\$45	\$103

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund may pay transaction costs, such as purchase fees, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in more taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the previous expense example, reduce the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 3% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund invests in a mix of Vanguard mutual funds (underlying funds) according to an asset allocation strategy designed for investors planning to retire and leave the workforce in or within a few years of 2030 (the target year). The Fund is designed for an investor who plans to withdraw the value of an account in the Fund over a period of many years after the target year. The Fund's asset allocation will become more conservative over time, meaning that the percentage of assets allocated to stocks will decrease while the percentage of assets allocated to bonds and other fixed income investments will increase. Within seven years after 2030, the Fund's asset allocation should become similar to that of Vanguard Target Retirement Income Fund. As of September 30, 2023, the Fund's allocation among the underlying asset classes was as follows:

U.S. stocks	38.1%
U.S. fixed income securities	25.7%
Foreign stock	25.0%
Foreign fixed income securities	11.2%

At any given time, the Fund's asset allocation may be affected by a variety of factors, such as whether the underlying funds are accepting additional investments.

The Fund's indirect stock holdings are a diversified mix of U.S. and foreign large-, mid-, and small-capitalization stocks.

The Fund's indirect fixed income holdings are a diversified mix of short-, intermediate-, and long-term U.S. government, U.S. agency, and investment-grade U.S. corporate bonds; mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities; and government, agency, corporate, and securitized investment-grade foreign bonds issued in currencies other than the U.S. dollar (but hedged by Vanguard to minimize foreign currency exposure).

Principal Risks

The Fund is subject to the risks associated with the stock and bond markets, any of which could cause an investor to lose money, and the level of risk may vary based on market conditions. An investment in the Fund is not guaranteed. An investor may experience losses, including losses near, at, or after the target year. There is no guarantee that the Fund will provide adequate income at or after the target year. Because stocks are typically more volatile than bonds and because the Fund currently invests most of its assets in stocks, the Fund's overall level of risk should be higher than that of funds that invest the majority of their assets in bonds; however, the level of risk is expected to be lower than that of funds investing entirely in stocks.

- With approximately 65% of its assets allocated to stocks, the Fund is proportionately subject to *stock market risk*, which is the chance that stock prices overall will decline. Stock markets tend to move in cycles, with periods of rising prices and periods of falling prices. The Fund is also subject to the following risks associated with investments in foreign stocks: *country/regional risk*, which is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value of securities issued by companies in foreign countries or regions; and *currency risk*, which is the chance that the value of a foreign investment, measured in U.S. dollars, will decrease because of unfavorable changes in currency exchange rates. Country/regional risk and currency risk are especially high in emerging markets.
- With approximately 35% of its assets allocated to fixed income securities, the Fund is proportionately subject to the following bond risks: *interest rate risk*, which is the chance that bond prices overall will decline because of rising interest rates; *income risk*, which is the chance that an underlying fund's income will decline because of falling interest rates; *credit risk*, which is the chance that a bond issuer will fail to pay interest or principal in a timely manner or that negative perceptions of the issuer's ability to make such payments will cause the price of

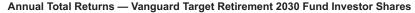
that bond to decline, thus reducing the underlying fund's return; and *call risk*, which is the chance that during periods of falling interest rates, issuers of callable bonds may call (redeem) securities with higher coupon rates or interest rates before their maturity dates. An underlying fund would then lose any price appreciation above the bond's call price and would be forced to reinvest the unanticipated proceeds at lower interest rates, resulting in a decline in the underlying fund's income. The Fund is also subject to the following risks associated with investments in currency-hedged foreign bonds: *country/regional risk*, which is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value and/or liquidity of securities issued by foreign governments, government agencies, or companies; and *currency hedging risk*, which is the chance that the currency hedging transactions entered into by the underlying foreign fixed income securities funds may not perfectly offset the fund's foreign currency exposure.

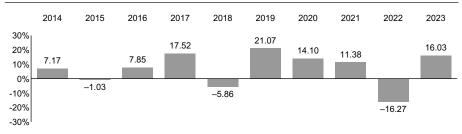
• The Fund is also subject to asset allocation risk, which is the chance that the selection of underlying funds, and the allocation of assets to them, will cause the Fund to underperform other funds with a similar investment objective.

An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Annual Total Returns

The following bar chart and table are intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund has varied from one calendar year to another over the periods shown. The table shows how the average annual total returns of the Fund compare with those of relevant market indexes and a composite stock/bond index, which have investment characteristics similar to those of the Fund. The Target Retirement 2030 Composite Index is a custom blended index developed by Vanguard based on the Fund's asset allocation glide schedule, which becomes more conservative as time elapses. As of September 30, 2023, the composite was derived using the following portion allocations: 25% FTSE Global All Cap ex US Index; 26.2% Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index; 11.2% Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD Float Adjusted RIC Capped Index (USD Hedged); and 37.6% CRSP US Total Market Index. International stock benchmark returns are adjusted for withholding taxes. The components that make up the composite index may vary over time. Percentages listed may not total to 100% due to rounding. Keep in mind that the Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) does not indicate how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available on our website at vanguard.com/performance or by calling Vanguard toll-free at 800-662-7447.





During the periods shown in the bar chart, the highest and lowest returns for a calendar quarter were:

	Total Return	Quarter
Highest	14.58%	June 30, 2020
Lowest	-14.76%	March 31, 2020

Average Annual Total Returns for Periods Ended December 31, 2023

	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Vanguard Target Retirement 2030 Fund Investor Shares			
Return Before Taxes	16.03%	8.37%	6.58%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	15.07	6.92	5.48
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	9.72	6.42	5.05
Target Retirement 2030 Composite Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	16.26%	8.83%	6.92%
MSCI US Broad Market Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	26.21	15.32	11.57
Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	5.60	1.17	1.83

Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown in the preceding table. When after-tax returns are calculated, it is assumed that the shareholder was in the highest individual federal marginal income tax bracket at the time of each distribution of income or capital gains or upon redemption. State and local income taxes are not reflected in the calculations. Please note that after-tax returns are not relevant for a shareholder who holds fund shares in a tax-deferred account, such as an individual retirement account or a 401(k) plan. Also, figures captioned *Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares* may be higher than other figures for the same period if a capital loss occurs upon redemption and results in an assumed tax deduction for the shareholder.

Investment Advisor

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Portfolio Managers

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Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

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Tax Information

The Fund's distributions may be taxable as ordinary income or capital gain. If you are investing through a tax-advantaged account, such as an IRA or an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, special tax rules apply.

Payments to Financial Intermediaries

The Fund and its investment advisor do not pay financial intermediaries for sales of Fund shares.

Vanguard Target Retirement 2035 Fund

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks to provide capital appreciation and current income consistent with its current asset allocation.

Fees and Expenses

The following tables describe the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and example below.

Shareholder Fees

(Fees paid directly from your investment)

Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases	None
Purchase Fee	None
Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends	None
Redemption Fee	None
Account Service Fee Per Year	
(for certain fund account balances below \$5,000,000)	\$25

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.00%
12b-1 Distribution Fee	None
Other Expenses	0.00%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.08%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.08%

Example

The following example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund (based on the fees and expenses of the acquired funds) with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. It illustrates the hypothetical expenses that you would incur over various periods if you were to invest \$10,000 in the Fund's shares. This example assumes that the Fund provides a return of 5% each year and that total annual fund operating expenses (of the Fund and its underlying funds) remain as stated in the preceding table. You would incur these hypothetical expenses whether or not you were to redeem your investment at the end of the given period. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$8	\$26	\$45	\$103

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund may pay transaction costs, such as purchase fees, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in more taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the previous expense example, reduce the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 1% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund invests in a mix of Vanguard mutual funds (underlying funds) according to an asset allocation strategy designed for investors planning to retire and leave the workforce in or within a few years of 2035 (the target year). The Fund is designed for an investor who plans to withdraw the value of an account in the Fund over a period of many years after the target year. The Fund's asset allocation will become more conservative over time, meaning that the percentage of assets allocated to stocks will decrease while the percentage of assets allocated to bonds and other fixed income investments will increase. Within seven years after 2035, the Fund's asset allocation should become similar to that of Vanguard Target Retirement Income Fund. As of September 30, 2023, the Fund's allocation among the underlying asset classes was as follows:

U.S. stocks	42.8%
Foreign stocks	27.7%
U.S. fixed income securities	20.5%
Foreign fixed income securities	9.0%

At any given time, the Fund's asset allocation may be affected by a variety of factors, such as whether the underlying funds are accepting additional investments.

The Fund's indirect stock holdings are a diversified mix of U.S. and foreign large-, mid-, and small-capitalization stocks.

The Fund's indirect fixed income holdings are a diversified mix of short-, intermediate-, and long-term U.S. government, U.S. agency, and investment-grade U.S. corporate bonds; mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities; and government, agency, corporate, and securitized investment-grade foreign bonds issued in currencies other than the U.S. dollar (but hedged by Vanguard to minimize foreign currency exposure).

Principal Risks

The Fund is subject to the risks associated with the stock and bond markets, any of which could cause an investor to lose money, and the level of risk may vary based on market conditions. An investment in the Fund is not guaranteed. An investor may experience losses, including losses near, at, or after the target year. There is no guarantee that the Fund will provide adequate income at or after the target year. Because stocks are typically more volatile than bonds and because the Fund currently invests most of its assets in stocks, the Fund's overall level of risk should be higher than that of funds that invest the majority of their assets in bonds; however, the level of risk is expected to be lower than that of funds investing entirely in stocks.

- With approximately 70% of its assets allocated to stocks, the Fund is proportionately subject to *stock market risk*, which is the chance that stock prices overall will decline. Stock markets tend to move in cycles, with periods of rising prices and periods of falling prices. The Fund is also subject to the following risks associated with investments in foreign stocks: *country/regional risk*, which is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value of securities issued by companies in foreign countries or regions; and *currency risk*, which is the chance that the value of a foreign investment, measured in U.S. dollars, will decrease because of unfavorable changes in currency exchange rates. Country/regional risk and currency risk are especially high in emerging markets.
- With approximately 30% of its assets allocated to fixed income securities, the Fund is proportionately subject to the following bond risks: *interest rate risk*, which is the chance that bond prices overall will decline because of rising interest rates; *income risk*, which is the chance that an underlying fund's income will decline because of falling interest rates; *credit risk*, which is the chance that a bond issuer will fail to pay interest or principal in a timely manner or that negative perceptions of the issuer's ability to make such payments will cause the price of

that bond to decline, thus reducing the underlying fund's return; and *call risk*, which is the chance that during periods of falling interest rates, issuers of callable bonds may call (redeem) securities with higher coupon rates or interest rates before their maturity dates. An underlying fund would then lose any price appreciation above the bond's call price and would be forced to reinvest the unanticipated proceeds at lower interest rates, resulting in a decline in the underlying fund's income. The Fund is also subject to the following risks associated with investments in currency-hedged foreign bonds: *country/regional risk*, which is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value and/or liquidity of securities issued by foreign governments, government agencies, or companies; and *currency hedging risk*, which is the chance that the currency hedging transactions entered into by the underlying foreign fixed income securities funds may not perfectly offset the fund's foreign currency exposure.

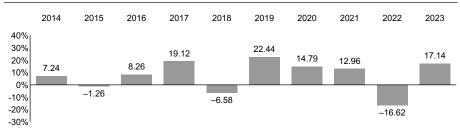
• The Fund is also subject to asset allocation risk, which is the chance that the selection of underlying funds, and the allocation of assets to them, will cause the Fund to underperform other funds with a similar investment objective.

An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Annual Total Returns

The following bar chart and table are intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund has varied from one calendar year to another over the periods shown. The table shows how the average annual total returns of the Fund compare with those of relevant market indexes and a composite stock/bond index, which have investment characteristics similar to those of the Fund. The Target Retirement 2035 Composite Index is a custom blended index developed by Vanguard based on the Fund's asset allocation glide schedule, which becomes more conservative as time elapses. As of September 30, 2023, the composite was derived using the following portion allocations: 28% FTSE Global All Cap ex US Index; 20.9% Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index; 9% Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD Float Adjusted RIC Capped Index (USD Hedged); and 42.1% CRSP US Total Market Index. International stock benchmark returns are adjusted for withholding taxes. The components that make up the composite index may vary over time. Percentages listed may not total to 100% due to rounding. Keep in mind that the Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) does not indicate how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available on our website at vanguard.com/performance or by calling Vanguard toll-free at 800-662-7447.





During the periods shown in the bar chart, the highest and lowest returns for a calendar quarter were:

	Total Return	Quarter
Highest	15.90%	June 30, 2020
Lowest	-16.52%	March 31, 2020

Average Annual Total Returns for Periods Ended December 31, 2023

	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Vanguard Target Retirement 2035 Fund Investor Shares			
Return Before Taxes	17.14%	9.17%	7.06%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	16.24	7.67	5.91
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	10.41	7.09	5.46
Target Retirement 2035 Composite Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	17.43%	9.64%	7.40%
MSCI US Broad Market Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	26.21	15.32	11.57
Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	5.60	1.17	1.83

Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown in the preceding table. When after-tax returns are calculated, it is assumed that the shareholder was in the highest individual federal marginal income tax bracket at the time of each distribution of income or capital gains or upon redemption. State and local income taxes are not reflected in the calculations. Please note that after-tax returns are not relevant for a shareholder who holds fund shares in a tax-deferred account, such as an individual retirement account or a 401(k) plan. Also, figures captioned *Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares* may be higher than other figures for the same period if a capital loss occurs upon redemption and results in an assumed tax deduction for the shareholder.

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Tax Information

The Fund's distributions may be taxable as ordinary income or capital gain. If you are investing through a tax-advantaged account, such as an IRA or an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, special tax rules apply.

Payments to Financial Intermediaries

The Fund and its investment advisor do not pay financial intermediaries for sales of Fund shares.

Vanguard Target Retirement 2040 Fund

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks to provide capital appreciation and current income consistent with its current asset allocation.

Fees and Expenses

The following tables describe the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and example below.

Shareholder Fees

(Fees paid directly from your investment)

Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases	None
Purchase Fee	None
Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends	None
Redemption Fee	None
Account Service Fee Per Year	
(for certain fund account balances below \$5,000,000)	\$25

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.00%
12b-1 Distribution Fee	None
Other Expenses	0.00%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.08%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.08%

Example

The following example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund (based on the fees and expenses of the acquired funds) with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. It illustrates the hypothetical expenses that you would incur over various periods if you were to invest \$10,000 in the Fund's shares. This example assumes that the Fund provides a return of 5% each year and that total annual fund operating expenses (of the Fund and its underlying funds) remain as stated in the preceding table. You would incur these hypothetical expenses whether or not you were to redeem your investment at the end of the given period. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$8	\$26	\$45	\$103

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund may pay transaction costs, such as purchase fees, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in more taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the previous expense example, reduce the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 1% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund invests in a mix of Vanguard mutual funds (underlying funds) according to an asset allocation strategy designed for investors planning to retire and leave the workforce in or within a few years of 2040 (the target year). The Fund is designed for an investor who plans to withdraw the value of an account in the Fund over a period of many years after the target year. The Fund's asset allocation will become more conservative over time, meaning that the percentage of assets allocated to stocks will decrease while the percentage of assets allocated to bonds and other fixed income investments will increase. Within seven years after 2040, the Fund's asset allocation should become similar to that of Vanguard Target Retirement Income Fund. As of September 30, 2023, the Fund's allocation among the underlying asset classes was as follows:

U.S. stocks	47.4%
Foreign stocks	30.3%
U.S. fixed income securities	15.7%
Foreign fixed income securities	6.6%

At any given time, the Fund's asset allocation may be affected by a variety of factors, such as whether the underlying funds are accepting additional investments.

The Fund's indirect stock holdings are a diversified mix of U.S. and foreign large-, mid-, and small-capitalization stocks.

The Fund's indirect fixed income holdings are a diversified mix of short-, intermediate-, and long-term U.S. government, U.S. agency, and investment-grade U.S. corporate bonds; mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities; and government, agency, corporate, and securitized investment-grade foreign bonds issued in currencies other than the U.S. dollar (but hedged by Vanguard to minimize foreign currency exposure).

Principal Risks

The Fund is subject to the risks associated with the stock and bond markets, any of which could cause an investor to lose money, and the level of risk may vary based on market conditions. An investment in the Fund is not guaranteed. An investor may experience losses, including losses near, at, or after the target year. There is no guarantee that the Fund will provide adequate income at or after the target year. Because stocks are typically more volatile than bonds and because the Fund currently invests most of its assets in stocks, the Fund's overall level of risk should be higher than that of funds that invest the majority of their assets in bonds; however, the level of risk is expected to be lower than that of funds investing entirely in stocks.

- With approximately 80% of its assets allocated to stocks, the Fund is proportionately subject to *stock market risk*, which is the chance that stock prices overall will decline. Stock markets tend to move in cycles, with periods of rising prices and periods of falling prices. The Fund is also subject to the following risks associated with investments in foreign stocks: *country/regional risk*, which is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value of securities issued by companies in foreign countries or regions; and *currency risk*, which is the chance that the value of a foreign investment, measured in U.S. dollars, will decrease because of unfavorable changes in currency exchange rates. Country/regional risk and currency risk are especially high in emerging markets.
- With approximately 20% of its assets allocated to fixed income securities, the Fund is proportionately subject to the following bond risks: *interest rate risk*, which is the chance that bond prices overall will decline because of rising interest rates; *income risk*, which is the chance that an underlying fund's income will decline because of falling interest rates; *credit risk*, which is the chance that a bond issuer will fail to pay interest or principal in a timely manner or that negative perceptions of the issuer's ability to make such payments will cause the price of

that bond to decline, thus reducing the underlying fund's return; and *call risk*, which is the chance that during periods of falling interest rates, issuers of callable bonds may call (redeem) securities with higher coupon rates or interest rates before their maturity dates. An underlying fund would then lose any price appreciation above the bond's call price and would be forced to reinvest the unanticipated proceeds at lower interest rates, resulting in a decline in the underlying fund's income. The Fund is also subject to the following risks associated with investments in currency-hedged foreign bonds: *country/regional risk*, which is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value and/or liquidity of securities issued by foreign governments, government agencies, or companies; and *currency hedging risk*, which is the chance that the currency hedging transactions entered into by the underlying foreign fixed income securities funds may not perfectly offset the fund's foreign currency exposure.

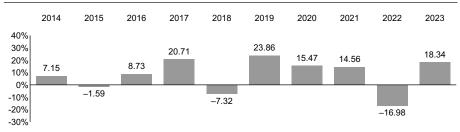
• The Fund is also subject to asset allocation risk, which is the chance that the selection of underlying funds, and the allocation of assets to them, will cause the Fund to underperform other funds with a similar investment objective.

An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Annual Total Returns

The following bar chart and table are intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund has varied from one calendar year to another over the periods shown. The table shows how the average annual total returns of the Fund compare with those of relevant market indexes and a composite stock/bond index, which have investment characteristics similar to those of the Fund. The Target Retirement 2040 Composite Index is a custom blended index developed by Vanguard based on the Fund's asset allocation glide schedule, which becomes more conservative as time elapses. As of September 30, 2023, the composite was derived using the following portion allocations: 31.1% FTSE Global All Cap ex US Index; 15.7% Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index; 6.7% Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD Float Adjusted RIC Capped Index (USD Hedged); and 46.6% CRSP US Total Market Index. International stock benchmark returns are adjusted for withholding taxes. The components that make up the composite index may vary over time. Percentages listed may not total to 100% due to rounding. Keep in mind that the Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) does not indicate how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available on our website at vanguard.com/performance or by calling Vanguard toll-free at 800-662-7447.





During the periods shown in the bar chart, the highest and lowest returns for a calendar quarter were:

	Total Return	Quarter
Highest	17.29%	June 30, 2020
Lowest	-18.25%	March 31, 2020

Average Annual Total Returns for Periods Ended December 31, 2023

	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Vanguard Target Retirement 2040 Fund Investor Shares			
Return Before Taxes	18.34%	9.99%	7.52%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	17.50	8.49	6.44
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	11.14	7.78	5.89
Target Retirement 2040 Composite Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	18.60%	10.43%	7.87%
MSCI US Broad Market Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	26.21	15.32	11.57
Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	5.60	1.17	1.83

Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown in the preceding table. When after-tax returns are calculated, it is assumed that the shareholder was in the highest individual federal marginal income tax bracket at the time of each distribution of income or capital gains or upon redemption. State and local income taxes are not reflected in the calculations. Please note that after-tax returns are not relevant for a shareholder who holds fund shares in a tax-deferred account, such as an individual retirement account or a 401(k) plan. Also, figures captioned *Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares* may be higher than other figures for the same period if a capital loss occurs upon redemption and results in an assumed tax deduction for the shareholder.

Investment Advisor

The Vanguard Group, Inc. (Vanguard)

Portfolio Managers

Roger A. Aliaga-Diaz, Ph.D., Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. He has co-managed the Fund since 2023.

Aurélie Denis, CFA, Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. She has co-managed the Fund since 2023.

Michael R. Roach, Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. He has co-managed the Fund since 2023.

Walter Nejman, Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. He has co-managed the Fund since 2013.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase or redeem shares online through our website (vanguard.com), by mail (The Vanguard Group, P.O. Box 982901, El Paso, TX 79998-2901), or by telephone (800-662-2739). The minimum investment amount required to open and maintain a Fund account for Investor Shares is \$1,000. The minimum investment amount required to add to an existing Fund account is generally \$1. Financial intermediaries, institutional clients, and Vanguard-advised clients should contact Vanguard for information on special eligibility rules that may apply to them regarding Investor Shares. If you are investing through an intermediary, please contact that firm directly for more information regarding your eligibility. If you are investing through an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, your plan administrator or your benefits office can provide you with detailed information on how you can invest through your plan.

Tax Information

The Fund's distributions may be taxable as ordinary income or capital gain. If you are investing through a tax-advantaged account, such as an IRA or an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, special tax rules apply.

Payments to Financial Intermediaries

The Fund and its investment advisor do not pay financial intermediaries for sales of Fund shares.

Vanguard Target Retirement 2045 Fund

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks to provide capital appreciation and current income consistent with its current asset allocation.

Fees and Expenses

The following tables describe the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and example below.

Shareholder Fees

(Fees paid directly from your investment)

Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases	None
Purchase Fee	None
Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends	None
Redemption Fee	None
Account Service Fee Per Year	
(for certain fund account balances below \$5,000,000)	\$25

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.00%
12b-1 Distribution Fee	None
Other Expenses	0.00%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.08%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.08%

Example

The following example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund (based on the fees and expenses of the acquired funds) with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. It illustrates the hypothetical expenses that you would incur over various periods if you were to invest \$10,000 in the Fund's shares. This example assumes that the Fund provides a return of 5% each year and that total annual fund operating expenses (of the Fund and its underlying funds) remain as stated in the preceding table. You would incur these hypothetical expenses whether or not you were to redeem your investment at the end of the given period. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$8	\$26	\$45	\$103

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund may pay transaction costs, such as purchase fees, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in more taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the previous expense example, reduce the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 1% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund invests in a mix of Vanguard mutual funds (underlying funds) according to an asset allocation strategy designed for investors planning to retire and leave the workforce in or within a few years of 2045 (the target year). The Fund is designed for an investor who plans to withdraw the value of an account in the Fund over a period of many years after the target year. The Fund's asset allocation will become more conservative over time, meaning that the percentage of assets allocated to stocks will decrease while the percentage of assets allocated to bonds and other fixed income investments will increase. Within seven years after 2045, the Fund's asset allocation should become similar to that of Vanguard Target Retirement Income Fund. As of September 30, 2023, the Fund's allocation among the underlying asset classes was as follows:

U.S. stocks	51.9%
Foreign stocks	33.5%
U.S. fixed income securities	10.4%
Foreign fixed income securities	4.2%

At any given time, the Fund's asset allocation may be affected by a variety of factors, such as whether the underlying funds are accepting additional investments.

The Fund's indirect stock holdings are a diversified mix of U.S. and foreign large-, mid-, and small-capitalization stocks.

The Fund's indirect fixed income holdings are a diversified mix of short-, intermediate-, and long-term U.S. government, U.S. agency, and investment-grade U.S. corporate bonds; mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities; and government, agency, corporate, and securitized investment-grade foreign bonds issued in currencies other than the U.S. dollar (but hedged by Vanguard to minimize foreign currency exposure).

Principal Risks

The Fund is subject to the risks associated with the stock and bond markets, any of which could cause an investor to lose money, and the level of risk may vary based on market conditions. An investment in the Fund is not guaranteed. An investor may experience losses, including losses near, at, or after the target year. There is no guarantee that the Fund will provide adequate income at or after the target year. Because stocks are typically more volatile than bonds and because the Fund currently invests most of its assets in stocks, the Fund's overall level of risk should be higher than that of funds that invest the majority of their assets in bonds; however, the level of risk is expected to be lower than that of funds investing entirely in stocks.

- With approximately 85% of its assets allocated to stocks, the Fund is proportionately subject to *stock market risk*, which is the chance that stock prices overall will decline. Stock markets tend to move in cycles, with periods of rising prices and periods of falling prices. The Fund is also subject to the following risks associated with investments in foreign stocks: *country/regional risk*, which is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value of securities issued by companies in foreign countries or regions; and *currency risk*, which is the chance that the value of a foreign investment, measured in U.S. dollars, will decrease because of unfavorable changes in currency exchange rates. Country/regional risk and currency risk are especially high in emerging markets.
- With approximately 15% of its assets allocated to fixed income securities, the Fund is proportionately subject to the following bond risks: *interest rate risk*, which is the chance that bond prices overall will decline because of rising interest rates; *income risk*, which is the chance that an underlying fund's income will decline because of falling interest rates; *credit risk*, which is the chance that a bond issuer will fail to pay interest or principal in a timely manner or that negative perceptions of the issuer's ability to make such payments will cause the price of

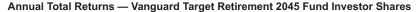
that bond to decline, thus reducing the underlying fund's return; and *call risk*, which is the chance that during periods of falling interest rates, issuers of callable bonds may call (redeem) securities with higher coupon rates or interest rates before their maturity dates. An underlying fund would then lose any price appreciation above the bond's call price and would be forced to reinvest the unanticipated proceeds at lower interest rates, resulting in a decline in the underlying fund's income. The Fund is also subject to the following risks associated with investments in currency-hedged foreign bonds: *country/regional risk*, which is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value and/or liquidity of securities issued by foreign governments, government agencies, or companies; and *currency hedging risk*, which is the chance that the currency hedging transactions entered into by the underlying foreign fixed income securities funds may not perfectly offset the fund's foreign currency exposure.

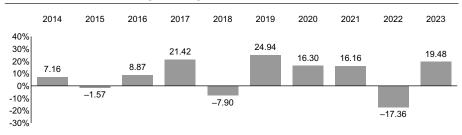
• The Fund is also subject to asset allocation risk, which is the chance that the selection of underlying funds, and the allocation of assets to them, will cause the Fund to underperform other funds with a similar investment objective.

An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Annual Total Returns

The following bar chart and table are intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund has varied from one calendar year to another over the periods shown. The table shows how the average annual total returns of the Fund compare with those of relevant market indexes and a composite stock/bond index, which have investment characteristics similar to those of the Fund. The Target Retirement 2045 Composite Index is a custom blended index developed by Vanguard based on the Fund's asset allocation glide schedule, which becomes more conservative as time elapses. As of September 30, 2023, the composite was derived using the following portion allocations: 34.1% FTSE Global All Cap ex US Index; 10.4% Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index; 4.5% Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD Float Adjusted RIC Capped Index (USD Hedged); and 51.1% CRSP US Total Market Index. International stock benchmark returns are adjusted for withholding taxes. The components that make up the composite index may vary over time. Percentages listed may not total to 100% due to rounding. Keep in mind that the Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) does not indicate how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available on our website at vanguard.com/performance or by calling Vanguard toll-free at 800-662-7447.





During the periods shown in the bar chart, the highest and lowest returns for a calendar quarter were:

	Total Return	Quarter
Highest	18.70%	June 30, 2020
Lowest	-19.88%	March 31, 2020

Average Annual Total Returns for Periods Ended December 31, 2023

	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Vanguard Target Retirement 2045 Fund Investor Shares			
Return Before Taxes	19.48%	10.76%	7.91%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	18.71	9.49	6.94
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	11.85	8.43	6.23
Target Retirement 2045 Composite Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	19.77%	11.20%	8.25%
MSCI US Broad Market Index			-
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	26.21	15.32	11.57
Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	5.60	1.17	1.83

Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown in the preceding table. When after-tax returns are calculated, it is assumed that the shareholder was in the highest individual federal marginal income tax bracket at the time of each distribution of income or capital gains or upon redemption. State and local income taxes are not reflected in the calculations. Please note that after-tax returns are not relevant for a shareholder who holds fund shares in a tax-deferred account, such as an individual retirement account or a 401(k) plan. Also, figures captioned *Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares* may be higher than other figures for the same period if a capital loss occurs upon redemption and results in an assumed tax deduction for the shareholder.

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Walter Nejman, Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. He has co-managed the Fund since 2013.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase or redeem shares online through our website (vanguard.com), by mail (The Vanguard Group, P.O. Box 982901, El Paso, TX 79998-2901), or by telephone (800-662-2739). The minimum investment amount required to open and maintain a Fund account for Investor Shares is \$1,000. The minimum investment amount required to add to an existing Fund account is generally \$1. Financial intermediaries, institutional clients, and Vanguard-advised clients should contact Vanguard for information on special eligibility rules that may apply to them regarding Investor Shares. If you are investing through an intermediary, please contact that firm directly for more information regarding your eligibility. If you are investing through an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, your plan administrator or your benefits office can provide you with detailed information on how you can invest through your plan.

Tax Information

The Fund's distributions may be taxable as ordinary income or capital gain. If you are investing through a tax-advantaged account, such as an IRA or an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, special tax rules apply.

Payments to Financial Intermediaries

The Fund and its investment advisor do not pay financial intermediaries for sales of Fund shares.

Vanguard Target Retirement 2050 Fund

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks to provide capital appreciation and current income consistent with its current asset allocation.

Fees and Expenses

The following tables describe the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and example below.

Shareholder Fees

(Fees paid directly from your investment)

Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases	None
Purchase Fee	None
Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends	None
Redemption Fee	None
Account Service Fee Per Year	
(for certain fund account balances below \$5,000,000)	\$25

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.00%
12b-1 Distribution Fee	None
Other Expenses	0.00%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.08%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.08%

Example

The following example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund (based on the fees and expenses of the acquired funds) with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. It illustrates the hypothetical expenses that you would incur over various periods if you were to invest \$10,000 in the Fund's shares. This example assumes that the Fund provides a return of 5% each year and that total annual fund operating expenses (of the Fund and its underlying funds) remain as stated in the preceding table. You would incur these hypothetical expenses whether or not you were to redeem your investment at the end of the given period. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$8	\$26	\$45	\$103

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund may pay transaction costs, such as purchase fees, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in more taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the previous expense example, reduce the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 2% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund invests in a mix of Vanguard mutual funds (underlying funds) according to an asset allocation strategy designed for investors planning to retire and leave the workforce in or within a few years of 2050 (the target year). The Fund is designed for an investor who plans to withdraw the value of an account in the Fund over a period of many years after the target year. The Fund's asset allocation will become more conservative over time, meaning that the percentage of assets allocated to stocks will decrease while the percentage of assets allocated to bonds and other fixed income investments will increase. Within seven years after 2050, the Fund's asset allocation should become similar to that of Vanguard Target Retirement Income Fund. As of September 30, 2023, the Fund's allocation among the underlying asset classes was as follows:

U.S. stocks	53.9%
Foreign stocks	36.2%
U.S. fixed income securities	7.1%
Foreign fixed income securities	2.8%

At any given time, the Fund's asset allocation may be affected by a variety of factors, such as whether the underlying funds are accepting additional investments.

The Fund's indirect stock holdings are a diversified mix of U.S. and foreign large-, mid-, and small-capitalization stocks.

The Fund's indirect fixed income holdings are a diversified mix of short-, intermediate-, and long-term U.S. government, U.S. agency, and investment-grade U.S. corporate bonds; mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities; and government, agency, corporate, and securitized investment-grade foreign bonds issued in currencies other than the U.S. dollar (but hedged by Vanguard to minimize foreign currency exposure).

Principal Risks

The Fund is subject to the risks associated with the stock and bond markets, any of which could cause an investor to lose money, and the level of risk may vary based on market conditions. An investment in the Fund is not guaranteed. An investor may experience losses, including losses near, at, or after the target year. There is no guarantee that the Fund will provide adequate income at or after the target year. Because stocks are typically more volatile than bonds and because the Fund currently invests most of its assets in stocks, the Fund's overall level of risk should be higher than that of funds that invest the majority of their assets in bonds; however, the level of risk is expected to be lower than that of funds investing entirely in stocks.

- With approximately 90% of its assets allocated to stocks, the Fund is proportionately subject to *stock market risk*, which is the chance that stock prices overall will decline. Stock markets tend to move in cycles, with periods of rising prices and periods of falling prices. The Fund is also subject to the following risks associated with investments in foreign stocks: *country/regional risk*, which is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value of securities issued by companies in foreign countries or regions; and *currency risk*, which is the chance that the value of a foreign investment, measured in U.S. dollars, will decrease because of unfavorable changes in currency exchange rates. Country/regional risk and currency risk are especially high in emerging markets.
- With approximately 10% of its assets allocated to fixed income securities, the Fund is proportionately subject to the following bond risks: *interest rate risk*, which is the chance that bond prices overall will decline because of rising interest rates; *income risk*, which is the chance that an underlying fund's income will decline because of falling interest rates; *credit risk*, which is the chance that a bond issuer will fail to pay interest or principal in a timely manner or that negative perceptions of the issuer's ability to make such payments will cause the price of

that bond to decline, thus reducing the underlying fund's return; and *call risk*, which is the chance that during periods of falling interest rates, issuers of callable bonds may call (redeem) securities with higher coupon rates or interest rates before their maturity dates. An underlying fund would then lose any price appreciation above the bond's call price and would be forced to reinvest the unanticipated proceeds at lower interest rates, resulting in a decline in the underlying fund's income. The Fund is also subject to the following risks associated with investments in currency-hedged foreign bonds: *country/regional risk*, which is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value and/or liquidity of securities issued by foreign governments, government agencies, or companies; and *currency hedging risk*, which is the chance that the currency hedging transactions entered into by the underlying foreign fixed income securities funds may not perfectly offset the fund's foreign currency exposure.

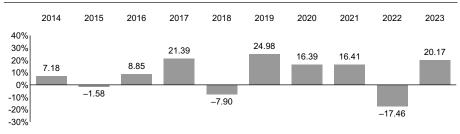
• The Fund is also subject to asset allocation risk, which is the chance that the selection of underlying funds, and the allocation of assets to them, will cause the Fund to underperform other funds with a similar investment objective.

An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Annual Total Returns

The following bar chart and table are intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund has varied from one calendar year to another over the periods shown. The table shows how the average annual total returns of the Fund compare with those of relevant market indexes and a composite stock/bond index, which have investment characteristics similar to those of the Fund. The Target Retirement 2050 Composite Index is a custom blended index developed by Vanguard based on the Fund's asset allocation glide schedule, which becomes more conservative as time elapses. As of September 30, 2023, the composite was derived using the following portion allocations: 36% FTSE Global All Cap ex US Index; 7% Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index; 3% Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD Float Adjusted RIC Capped Index (USD Hedged); and 54% CRSP US Total Market Index. International stock benchmark returns are adjusted for withholding taxes. The components that make up the composite index may vary over time. Percentages listed may not total to 100% due to rounding. Keep in mind that the Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) does not indicate how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available on our website at vanguard.com/performance or by calling Vanguard toll-free at 800-662-7447.





During the periods shown in the bar chart, the highest and lowest returns for a calendar quarter were:

	Total Return	Quarter
Highest	18.67%	June 30, 2020
Lowest	-19.86%	March 31, 2020

Average Annual Total Returns for Periods Ended December 31, 2023

	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Vanguard Target Retirement 2050 Fund Investor Shares			
Return Before Taxes	20.17%	10.93%	7.99%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	19.43	9.79	7.13
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	12.27	8.57	6.32
Target Retirement 2050 Composite Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	20.48%	11.37%	8.34%
MSCI US Broad Market Index			_
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	26.21	15.32	11.57
Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	5.60	1.17	1.83

Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown in the preceding table. When after-tax returns are calculated, it is assumed that the shareholder was in the highest individual federal marginal income tax bracket at the time of each distribution of income or capital gains or upon redemption. State and local income taxes are not reflected in the calculations. Please note that after-tax returns are not relevant for a shareholder who holds fund shares in a tax-deferred account, such as an individual retirement account or a 401(k) plan. Also, figures captioned *Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares* may be higher than other figures for the same period if a capital loss occurs upon redemption and results in an assumed tax deduction for the shareholder.

Investment Advisor

The Vanguard Group, Inc. (Vanguard)

Portfolio Managers

Roger A. Aliaga-Diaz, Ph.D., Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. He has co-managed the Fund since 2023.

Aurélie Denis, CFA, Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. She has co-managed the Fund since 2023.

Michael R. Roach, Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. He has co-managed the Fund since 2023.

Walter Nejman, Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. He has co-managed the Fund since 2013.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase or redeem shares online through our website (vanguard.com), by mail (The Vanguard Group, P.O. Box 982901, El Paso, TX 79998-2901), or by telephone (800-662-2739). The minimum investment amount required to open and maintain a Fund account for Investor Shares is \$1,000. The minimum investment amount required to add to an existing Fund account is generally \$1. Financial intermediaries, institutional clients, and Vanguard-advised clients should contact Vanguard for information on special eligibility rules that may apply to them regarding Investor Shares. If you are investing through an intermediary, please contact that firm directly for more information regarding your eligibility. If you are investing through an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, your plan administrator or your benefits office can provide you with detailed information on how you can invest through your plan.

Tax Information

The Fund's distributions may be taxable as ordinary income or capital gain. If you are investing through a tax-advantaged account, such as an IRA or an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, special tax rules apply.

Payments to Financial Intermediaries

The Fund and its investment advisor do not pay financial intermediaries for sales of Fund shares.

Vanguard Target Retirement 2055 Fund

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks to provide capital appreciation and current income consistent with its current asset allocation.

Fees and Expenses

The following tables describe the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and example below.

Shareholder Fees

(Fees paid directly from your investment)

Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases	None
Purchase Fee	None
Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends	None
Redemption Fee	None
Account Service Fee Per Year	
(for certain fund account balances below \$5,000,000)	\$25

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.00%
12b-1 Distribution Fee	None
Other Expenses	0.00%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.08%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.08%

Example

The following example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund (based on the fees and expenses of the acquired funds) with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. It illustrates the hypothetical expenses that you would incur over various periods if you were to invest \$10,000 in the Fund's shares. This example assumes that the Fund provides a return of 5% each year and that total annual fund operating expenses (of the Fund and its underlying funds) remain as stated in the preceding table. You would incur these hypothetical expenses whether or not you were to redeem your investment at the end of the given period. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$8	\$26	\$45	\$103

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund may pay transaction costs, such as purchase fees, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in more taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the previous expense example, reduce the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 1% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund invests in a mix of Vanguard mutual funds (underlying funds) according to an asset allocation strategy designed for investors planning to retire and leave the workforce in or within a few years of 2055 (the target year). The Fund is designed for an investor who plans to withdraw the value of an account in the Fund over a period of many years after the target year. The Fund's asset allocation will become more conservative over time, meaning that the percentage of assets allocated to stocks will decrease while the percentage of assets allocated to bonds and other fixed income investments will increase. Within seven years after 2055, the Fund's asset allocation should become similar to that of Vanguard Target Retirement Income Fund. As of September 30, 2023, the Fund's allocation among the underlying asset classes was as follows:

U.S. stocks	53.8%
Foreign stocks	36.4%
U.S. fixed income securities	7.1%
Foreign fixed income securities	2.7%

At any given time, the Fund's asset allocation may be affected by a variety of factors, such as whether the underlying funds are accepting additional investments.

The Fund's indirect stock holdings are a diversified mix of U.S. and foreign large-, mid-, and small-capitalization stocks.

The Fund's indirect fixed income holdings are a diversified mix of short-, intermediate-, and long-term U.S. government, U.S. agency, and investment-grade U.S. corporate bonds; mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities; and government, agency, corporate, and securitized investment-grade foreign bonds issued in currencies other than the U.S. dollar (but hedged by Vanguard to minimize foreign currency exposure).

Principal Risks

The Fund is subject to the risks associated with the stock and bond markets, any of which could cause an investor to lose money, and the level of risk may vary based on market conditions. An investment in the Fund is not guaranteed. An investor may experience losses, including losses near, at, or after the target year. There is no guarantee that the Fund will provide adequate income at or after the target year. Because stocks are typically more volatile than bonds and because the Fund currently invests most of its assets in stocks, the Fund's overall level of risk should be higher than that of funds that invest the majority of their assets in bonds; however, the level of risk is expected to be lower than that of funds investing entirely in stocks.

- With approximately 90% of its assets allocated to stocks, the Fund is proportionately subject to *stock market risk*, which is the chance that stock prices overall will decline. Stock markets tend to move in cycles, with periods of rising prices and periods of falling prices. The Fund is also subject to the following risks associated with investments in foreign stocks: *country/regional risk*, which is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value of securities issued by companies in foreign countries or regions; and *currency risk*, which is the chance that the value of a foreign investment, measured in U.S. dollars, will decrease because of unfavorable changes in currency exchange rates. Country/regional risk and currency risk are especially high in emerging markets.
- With approximately 10% of its assets allocated to fixed income securities, the Fund is proportionately subject to the following bond risks: *interest rate risk*, which is the chance that bond prices overall will decline because of rising interest rates; *income risk*, which is the chance that an underlying fund's income will decline because of falling interest rates; *credit risk*, which is the chance that a bond issuer will fail to pay interest or principal in a timely manner or that negative perceptions of the issuer's ability to make such payments will cause the price of

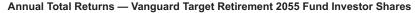
that bond to decline, thus reducing the underlying fund's return; and *call risk*, which is the chance that during periods of falling interest rates, issuers of callable bonds may call (redeem) securities with higher coupon rates or interest rates before their maturity dates. An underlying fund would then lose any price appreciation above the bond's call price and would be forced to reinvest the unanticipated proceeds at lower interest rates, resulting in a decline in the underlying fund's income. The Fund is also subject to the following risks associated with investments in currency-hedged foreign bonds: *country/regional risk*, which is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value and/or liquidity of securities issued by foreign governments, government agencies, or companies; and *currency hedging risk*, which is the chance that the currency hedging transactions entered into by the underlying foreign fixed income securities funds may not perfectly offset the fund's foreign currency exposure.

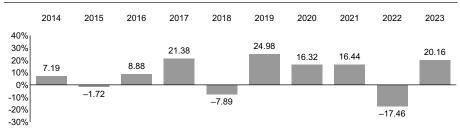
• The Fund is also subject to asset allocation risk, which is the chance that the selection of underlying funds, and the allocation of assets to them, will cause the Fund to underperform other funds with a similar investment objective.

An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Annual Total Returns

The following bar chart and table are intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund has varied from one calendar year to another over the periods shown. The table shows how the average annual total returns of the Fund compare with those of relevant market indexes and a composite stock/bond index, which have investment characteristics similar to those of the Fund. The Target Retirement 2055 Composite Index is a custom blended index developed by Vanguard based on the Fund's asset allocation glide schedule, which becomes more conservative as time elapses. As of September 30, 2023, the composite was derived using the following portion allocations: 36% FTSE Global All Cap ex US Index; 7% Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index; 3% Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD Float Adjusted RIC Capped Index (USD Hedged); and 54% CRSP US Total Market Index. International stock benchmark returns are adjusted for withholding taxes. The components that make up the composite index may vary over time. Percentages listed may not total to 100% due to rounding. Keep in mind that the Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) does not indicate how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available on our website at vanguard.com/performance or by calling Vanguard toll-free at 800-662-7447.





During the periods shown in the bar chart, the highest and lowest returns for a calendar quarter were:

	Total Return	Quarter
Highest	18.64%	June 30, 2020
Lowest	-19.89%	March 31, 2020

Average Annual Total Returns for Periods Ended December 31, 2023

	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Vanguard Target Retirement 2055 Fund Investor Shares			
Return Before Taxes	20.16%	10.92%	7.97%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	19.44	9.92	7.21
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	12.26	8.57	6.32
Target Retirement 2055 Composite Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	20.48%	11.37%	8.34%
MSCI US Broad Market Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	26.21	15.32	11.57
Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	5.60	1.17	1.83

Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown in the preceding table. When after-tax returns are calculated, it is assumed that the shareholder was in the highest individual federal marginal income tax bracket at the time of each distribution of income or capital gains or upon redemption. State and local income taxes are not reflected in the calculations. Please note that after-tax returns are not relevant for a shareholder who holds fund shares in a tax-deferred account, such as an individual retirement account or a 401(k) plan. Also, figures captioned *Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares* may be higher than other figures for the same period if a capital loss occurs upon redemption and results in an assumed tax deduction for the shareholder.

Investment Advisor

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Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase or redeem shares online through our website (vanguard.com), by mail (The Vanguard Group, P.O. Box 982901, El Paso, TX 79998-2901), or by telephone (800-662-2739). The minimum investment amount required to open and maintain a Fund account for Investor Shares is \$1,000. The minimum investment amount required to add to an existing Fund account is generally \$1. Financial intermediaries, institutional clients, and Vanguard-advised clients should contact Vanguard for information on special eligibility rules that may apply to them regarding Investor Shares. If you are investing through an intermediary, please contact that firm directly for more information regarding your eligibility. If you are investing through an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, your plan administrator or your benefits office can provide you with detailed information on how you can invest through your plan.

Tax Information

The Fund's distributions may be taxable as ordinary income or capital gain. If you are investing through a tax-advantaged account, such as an IRA or an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, special tax rules apply.

Payments to Financial Intermediaries

The Fund and its investment advisor do not pay financial intermediaries for sales of Fund shares.

Vanguard Target Retirement 2060 Fund

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks to provide capital appreciation and current income consistent with its current asset allocation.

Fees and Expenses

The following tables describe the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and example below.

Shareholder Fees

(Fees paid directly from your investment)

Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases	None
Purchase Fee	None
Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends	None
Redemption Fee	None
Account Service Fee Per Year	
(for certain fund account balances below \$5,000,000)	\$25

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.00%
12b-1 Distribution Fee	None
Other Expenses	0.00%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.08%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.08%

Example

The following example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund (based on the fees and expenses of the acquired funds) with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. It illustrates the hypothetical expenses that you would incur over various periods if you were to invest \$10,000 in the Fund's shares. This example assumes that the Fund provides a return of 5% each year and that total annual fund operating expenses (of the Fund and its underlying funds) remain as stated in the preceding table. You would incur these hypothetical expenses whether or not you were to redeem your investment at the end of the given period. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$8	\$26	\$45	\$103

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund may pay transaction costs, such as purchase fees, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in more taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the previous expense example, reduce the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 1% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund invests in a mix of Vanguard mutual funds (underlying funds) according to an asset allocation strategy designed for investors planning to retire and leave the workforce in or within a few years of 2060 (the target year). The Fund is designed for an investor who plans to withdraw the value of an account in the Fund over a period of many years after the target year. The Fund's asset allocation will become more conservative over time, meaning that the percentage of assets allocated to stocks will decrease while the percentage of assets allocated to bonds and other fixed income investments will increase. Within seven years after 2060, the Fund's asset allocation should become similar to that of Vanguard Target Retirement Income Fund. As of September 30, 2023, the Fund's allocation among the underlying asset classes was as follows:

• U.S. stocks	53.9%
Foreign stocks	36.4%
U.S. fixed income securities	7.0%
Foreign fixed income securities	2.7%

At any given time, the Fund's asset allocation may be affected by a variety of factors, such as whether the underlying funds are accepting additional investments.

The Fund's indirect stock holdings are a diversified mix of U.S. and foreign large-, mid-, and small-capitalization stocks.

The Fund's indirect fixed income holdings are a diversified mix of short-, intermediate-, and long-term U.S. government, U.S. agency, and investment-grade U.S. corporate bonds; mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities; and government, agency, corporate, and securitized investment-grade foreign bonds issued in currencies other than the U.S. dollar (but hedged by Vanguard to minimize foreign currency exposure).

Principal Risks

The Fund is subject to the risks associated with the stock and bond markets, any of which could cause an investor to lose money, and the level of risk may vary based on market conditions. An investment in the Fund is not guaranteed. An investor may experience losses, including losses near, at, or after the target year. There is no guarantee that the Fund will provide adequate income at or after the target year. Because stocks are typically more volatile than bonds and because the Fund currently invests most of its assets in stocks, the Fund's overall level of risk should be higher than that of funds that invest the majority of their assets in bonds; however, the level of risk is expected to be lower than that of funds investing entirely in stocks.

- With approximately 90% of its assets allocated to stocks, the Fund is proportionately subject to *stock market risk*, which is the chance that stock prices overall will decline. Stock markets tend to move in cycles, with periods of rising prices and periods of falling prices. The Fund is also subject to the following risks associated with investments in foreign stocks: *country/regional risk*, which is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value of securities issued by companies in foreign countries or regions; and *currency risk*, which is the chance that the value of a foreign investment, measured in U.S. dollars, will decrease because of unfavorable changes in currency exchange rates. Country/regional risk and currency risk are especially high in emerging markets.
- With approximately 10% of its assets allocated to fixed income securities, the Fund is proportionately subject to the following bond risks: *interest rate risk*, which is the chance that bond prices overall will decline because of rising interest rates; *income risk*, which is the chance that an underlying fund's income will decline because of falling interest rates; *credit risk*, which is the chance that a

bond issuer will fail to pay interest or principal in a timely manner or that negative perceptions of the issuer's ability to make such payments will cause the price of that bond to decline, thus reducing the underlying fund's return; and call risk, which is the chance that during periods of falling interest rates, issuers of callable bonds may call (redeem) securities with higher coupon rates or interest rates before their maturity dates. An underlying fund would then lose any price appreciation above the bond's call price and would be forced to reinvest the unanticipated proceeds at lower interest rates, resulting in a decline in the underlying fund's income. The Fund is also subject to the following risks associated with investments in currency-hedged foreign bonds: country/regional risk, which is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value and/or liquidity of securities issued by foreign governments, government agencies, or companies; and currency hedging risk, which is the chance that the currency hedging transactions entered into by the underlying foreign fixed income securities funds may not perfectly offset the fund's foreign currency exposure.

• The Fund is also subject to asset allocation risk, which is the chance that the selection of underlying funds, and the allocation of assets to them, will cause the Fund to underperform other funds with a similar investment objective.

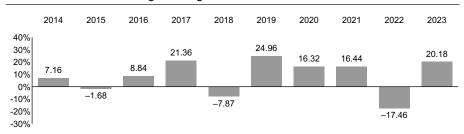
An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Annual Total Returns

The following bar chart and table are intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund has varied from one calendar year to another over the periods shown. The table shows how the average annual total returns of the Fund compare with those of relevant market indexes and a composite stock/bond index, which have investment characteristics similar to those of the Fund. The Target Retirement 2060 Composite Index is a custom blended index developed by Vanguard based on the Fund's asset allocation glide schedule, which becomes more conservative as time elapses. As of September 30, 2023, the composite was derived using the following portion allocations: 36% FTSE Global All Cap ex US Index; 7% Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index; 3% Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD Float Adjusted RIC Capped Index (USD Hedged); and 54% CRSP US Total Market Index. International stock benchmark returns are adjusted for withholding taxes. The components that make up the composite index may vary over time. Percentages listed may not total to 100% due to rounding. Keep in mind that the Fund's past performance (before and after taxes)

does not indicate how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available on our website at *vanguard.com/performance* or by calling Vanguard toll-free at 800-662-7447.

Annual Total Returns — Vanguard Target Retirement 2060 Fund Investor Shares



During the periods shown in the bar chart, the highest and lowest returns for a calendar quarter were:

	Total Return	Quarter
Highest	18.61%	June 30, 2020
Lowest	-19.86%	March 31, 2020

Average Annual Total Returns for Periods Ended December 31, 2023

	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Vanguard Target Retirement 2060 Fund Investor Shares			
Return Before Taxes	20.18%	10.92%	7.97%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	19.47	10.12	7.31
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	12.26	8.55	6.31
Target Retirement 2060 Composite Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	20.48%	11.37%	8.34%
MSCI US Broad Market Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	26.21	15.32	11.57
Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	5.60	1.17	1.83

Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown in the preceding table. When after-tax returns are calculated, it is assumed that the shareholder was in the highest individual federal marginal income tax bracket at the time of each distribution of income or capital gains or upon redemption. State and local income taxes are not reflected in the calculations. Please note that after-tax returns are not relevant for a shareholder who holds fund shares in a tax-deferred account, such as an individual retirement account or a 401(k) plan. Also, figures captioned *Return After Taxes*

on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares may be higher than other figures for the same period if a capital loss occurs upon redemption and results in an assumed tax deduction for the shareholder.

Investment Advisor

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Walter Nejman, Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. He has co-managed the Fund since 2013.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

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Tax Information

The Fund's distributions may be taxable as ordinary income or capital gain. If you are investing through a tax-advantaged account, such as an IRA or an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, special tax rules apply.

Payments to Financial Intermediaries

The Fund and its investment advisor do not pay financial intermediaries for sales of Fund shares.

Vanguard Target Retirement 2065 Fund

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks to provide capital appreciation and current income consistent with its current asset allocation.

Fees and Expenses

The following tables describe the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and example below.

Shareholder Fees

(Fees paid directly from your investment)

Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases	None
Purchase Fee	None
Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends	None
Redemption Fee	None
Account Service Fee Per Year	
(for certain fund account balances below \$5,000,000)	\$25

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.00%
12b-1 Distribution Fee	None
Other Expenses	0.00%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.08%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.08%

Example

The following example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund (based on the fees and expenses of the acquired funds) with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. It illustrates the hypothetical expenses that you would incur over various periods if you were to invest \$10,000 in the Fund's shares. This example assumes that the Fund provides a return of 5% each year and that total annual fund operating expenses (of the Fund and its underlying funds) remain as stated in the preceding table. You would incur these hypothetical expenses whether or not you were to redeem your investment at the end of the given period. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$8	\$26	\$45	\$103

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund may pay transaction costs, such as purchase fees, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in more taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the previous expense example, reduce the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 1% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund invests in a mix of Vanguard mutual funds (underlying funds) according to an asset allocation strategy designed for investors planning to retire and leave the workforce in or within a few years of 2065 (the target year). The Fund is designed for an investor who plans to withdraw the value of an account in the Fund over a period of many years after the target year. The Fund's asset allocation will become more conservative over time, meaning that the percentage of assets allocated to stocks will decrease while the percentage of assets allocated to bonds and other fixed income investments will increase. Within seven years after 2065, the Fund's asset allocation should become similar to that of Vanguard Target Retirement Income Fund. As of September 30, 2023, the Fund's allocation among the underlying asset classes was as follows:

• U.S. stocks	53.9%
Foreign stocks	36.4%
U.S. fixed income securities	6.9%
Foreign fixed income securities	2.8%

At any given time, the Fund's asset allocation may be affected by a variety of factors, such as whether the underlying funds are accepting additional investments.

The Fund's indirect stock holdings are a diversified mix of U.S. and foreign large-, mid-, and small-capitalization stocks.

The Fund's indirect fixed income holdings are a diversified mix of short-, intermediate-, and long-term U.S. government, U.S. agency, and investment-grade U.S. corporate bonds; mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities; and government, agency, corporate, and securitized investment-grade foreign bonds issued in currencies other than the U.S. dollar (but hedged by Vanguard to minimize foreign currency exposure).

Principal Risks

The Fund is subject to the risks associated with the stock and bond markets, any of which could cause an investor to lose money, and the level of risk may vary based on market conditions. An investment in the Fund is not guaranteed. An investor may experience losses, including losses near, at, or after the target year. There is no guarantee that the Fund will provide adequate income at or after the target year. Because stocks are typically more volatile than bonds and because the Fund currently invests most of its assets in stocks, the Fund's overall level of risk should be higher than that of funds that invest the majority of their assets in bonds; however, the level of risk is expected to be lower than that of funds investing entirely in stocks.

- With approximately 90% of its assets allocated to stocks, the Fund is proportionately subject to *stock market risk*, which is the chance that stock prices overall will decline. Stock markets tend to move in cycles, with periods of rising prices and periods of falling prices. The Fund is also subject to the following risks associated with investments in foreign stocks: *country/regional risk*, which is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value of securities issued by companies in foreign countries or regions; and *currency risk*, which is the chance that the value of a foreign investment, measured in U.S. dollars, will decrease because of unfavorable changes in currency exchange rates. Country/regional risk and currency risk are especially high in emerging markets.
- With approximately 10% of its assets allocated to fixed income securities, the Fund is proportionately subject to the following bond risks: *interest rate risk*, which is the chance that bond prices overall will decline because of rising interest rates; *income risk*, which is the chance that an underlying fund's income will decline because of falling interest rates; *credit risk*, which is the chance that a

bond issuer will fail to pay interest or principal in a timely manner or that negative perceptions of the issuer's ability to make such payments will cause the price of that bond to decline, thus reducing the underlying fund's return; and call risk, which is the chance that during periods of falling interest rates, issuers of callable bonds may call (redeem) securities with higher coupon rates or interest rates before their maturity dates. An underlying fund would then lose any price appreciation above the bond's call price and would be forced to reinvest the unanticipated proceeds at lower interest rates, resulting in a decline in the underlying fund's income. The Fund is also subject to the following risks associated with investments in currency-hedged foreign bonds: country/regional risk, which is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value and/or liquidity of securities issued by foreign governments, government agencies, or companies; and currency hedging risk, which is the chance that the currency hedging transactions entered into by the underlying foreign fixed income securities funds may not perfectly offset the fund's foreign currency exposure.

• The Fund is also subject to asset allocation risk, which is the chance that the selection of underlying funds, and the allocation of assets to them, will cause the Fund to underperform other funds with a similar investment objective.

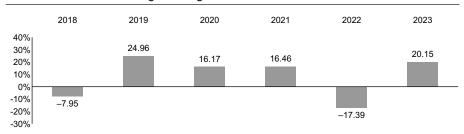
An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Annual Total Returns

The following bar chart and table are intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund has varied from one calendar year to another over the periods shown. The table shows how the average annual total returns of the Fund compare with those of relevant market indexes and a composite stock/bond index, which have investment characteristics similar to those of the Fund. The Target Retirement 2065 Composite Index is a custom blended index developed by Vanquard based on the Fund's asset allocation glide schedule, which becomes more conservative as time elapses. As of September 30, 2023, the composite was derived using the following portion allocations: 36% FTSE Global All Cap ex US Index; 7% Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index; 3% Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD Float Adjusted RIC Capped Index (USD Hedged); and 54% CRSP US Total Market Index. International stock benchmark returns are adjusted for withholding taxes. The components that make up the composite index may vary over time. Percentages listed may not total to 100% due to rounding. Keep in mind that the Fund's past performance (before and after taxes)

does not indicate how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available on our website at *vanguard.com/performance* or by calling Vanguard toll-free at 800-662-7447.

Annual Total Returns — Vanguard Target Retirement 2065 Fund Investor Shares



During the periods shown in the bar chart, the highest and lowest returns for a calendar quarter were:

	Total Return	Quarter
Highest	18.59%	June 30, 2020
Lowest	-19.92%	March 31, 2020

Average Annual Total Returns for Periods Ended December 31, 2023

			Since Fund	Fund
	1 Year	5 Years	Inception	Inception Date
Vanguard Target Retirement 2065 Fund				
Investor Shares				07/12/2017
Return Before Taxes	20.15%	10.91%	8.44%	
Return After Taxes on Distributions	19.47	10.35	7.90	
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale				
of Fund Shares	12.23	8.57	6.61	
Target Retirement 2065 Composite Index				
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses,				
or taxes)	20.48%	11.37%	8.84%	
MSCI US Broad Market Index				
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses,				
or taxes)	26.21	15.32	12.39	
Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted				
Index				
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses,				
or taxes)	5.60	1.17	1.07	

Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown in the preceding table. When after-tax returns are calculated, it is assumed that the shareholder was in the highest individual federal marginal income tax bracket at the time of each distribution of income or capital gains or upon redemption. State and local income taxes are not reflected in the calculations. Please note that after-tax returns are not relevant for a shareholder who holds fund shares in a tax-deferred account, such as an individual retirement account or a 401(k) plan. Also, figures captioned *Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares* may be higher than other figures for the same period if a capital loss occurs upon redemption and results in an assumed tax deduction for the shareholder.

Investment Advisor

The Vanguard Group, Inc. (Vanguard)

Portfolio Managers

Roger A. Aliaga-Diaz, Ph.D., Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. He has co-managed the Fund since 2023.

Aurélie Denis, CFA, Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. She has co-managed the Fund since 2023.

Michael R. Roach, Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. He has co-managed the Fund since 2023.

Walter Nejman, Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. He has co-managed the Fund since its inception in 2017.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase or redeem shares online through our website (vanguard.com), by mail (The Vanguard Group, P.O. Box 982901, El Paso, TX 79998-2901), or by telephone (800-662-2739). The minimum investment amount required to open and maintain a Fund account for Investor Shares is \$1,000. The minimum investment amount required to add to an existing Fund account is generally \$1. Financial intermediaries, institutional clients, and Vanguard-advised clients should contact Vanguard for information on special eligibility rules that may apply to them regarding Investor Shares. If you are investing through an intermediary, please contact that firm directly for more information regarding your eligibility. If you are investing through an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, your plan administrator or your benefits office can provide you with detailed information on how you can invest through your plan.

Tax Information

The Fund's distributions may be taxable as ordinary income or capital gain. If you are investing through a tax-advantaged account, such as an IRA or an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, special tax rules apply.

Payments to Financial Intermediaries
The Fund and its investment advisor do not pay financial intermediaries for sales of Fund shares.

Vanguard Target Retirement 2070 Fund

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks to provide capital appreciation and current income consistent with its current asset allocation.

Fees and Expenses

The following tables describe the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and example below.

Shareholder Fees

(Fees paid directly from your investment)

Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases	None
Purchase Fee	None
Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends	None
Redemption Fee	None
Account Service Fee Per Year	
(for certain fund account balances below \$5,000,000)	\$25

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.00%
12b-1 Distribution Fee	None
Other Expenses	0.00%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.08%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.08%

Example

The following example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund (based on the fees and expenses of the acquired funds) with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. It illustrates the hypothetical expenses that you would incur over various periods if you were to invest \$10,000 in the Fund's shares. This example assumes that the Fund provides a return of 5% each year and that total annual fund operating expenses (of the Fund and its underlying funds) remain as stated in the preceding table. You would incur these hypothetical expenses whether or not you were to redeem your investment at the end of the given period. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$8	\$26	\$45	\$103

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund may pay transaction costs, such as purchase fees, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in more taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the previous expense example, reduce the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 2% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund invests in a mix of Vanguard mutual funds (underlying funds) according to an asset allocation strategy designed for investors planning to retire and leave the workforce in or within a few years of 2070 (the target year). The Fund is designed for an investor who plans to withdraw the value of an account in the Fund over a period of many years after the target year. The Fund's asset allocation will become more conservative over time, meaning that the percentage of assets allocated to stocks will decrease while the percentage of assets allocated to bonds and other fixed income investments will increase. Within seven years after 2070, the Fund's asset allocation should become similar to that of Vanguard Target Retirement Income Fund. As of September 30, 2023, Fund's allocation among the underlying asset classes is as follows:

U.S. stock	54.0%
Foreign stock	36.0%
U.S. fixed income securities	7.0%
Foreign fixed income securities	3.0%

At any given time, the Fund's asset allocation may be affected by a variety of factors, such as whether the underlying funds are accepting additional investments.

The Fund's indirect stock holdings are a diversified mix of U.S. and foreign large-, mid-, and small-capitalization stocks.

The Fund's indirect fixed income holdings are a diversified mix of short, intermediate-, and long-term U.S. government, U.S. agency, and investment-grade U.S. corporate bonds; mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities; and government, agency, corporate, and securitized investment-grade foreign bonds issued in currencies other than the U.S. dollar (but hedged by Vanguard to minimize foreign currency exposure).

Principal Risks

The Fund is subject to the risks associated with the stock and bond markets, any of which could cause an investor to lose money, and the level of risk may vary based on market conditions. An investment in the Fund is not guaranteed. An investor may experience losses, including losses near, at, or after the target year. There is no guarantee that the Fund will provide adequate income at or after the target year. Because stocks are typically more volatile than bonds and because the Fund currently invests most of its assets in stocks, the Fund's overall level of risk should be higher than that of funds that invest the majority of their assets in bonds; however, the level of risk is expected to be lower than that of funds investing entirely in stocks.

- With approximately 90% of its assets allocated to stocks, the Fund is proportionately subject to *stock market risk*, which is the chance that stock prices overall will decline. Stock markets tend to move in cycles, with periods of rising prices and periods of falling prices. The Fund is also subject to the following risks associated with investments in foreign stocks: *country/regional risk*, which is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value of securities issued by companies in foreign countries or regions; and *currency risk*, which is the chance that the value of a foreign investment, measured in U.S. dollars, will decrease because of unfavorable changes in currency exchange rates. Country/regional risk and currency risk are especially high in emerging markets.
- With approximately 10% of its assets allocated to fixed income securities, the Fund is proportionately subject to the following bond risks: *interest rate risk*, which is the chance that bond prices overall will decline because of rising interest rates; *income risk*, which is the chance that an underlying fund's income will decline because of falling interest rates; *credit risk*, which is the chance that a bond issuer will fail to pay interest or principal in a timely manner or that negative perceptions of the issuer's ability to make such payments will cause the price of

that bond to decline, thus reducing the underlying fund's return; and *call risk*, which is the chance that during periods of falling interest rates, issuers of callable bonds may call (redeem) securities with higher coupon rates or interest rates before their maturity dates. An underlying fund would then lose any price appreciation above the bond's call price and would be forced to reinvest the unanticipated proceeds at lower interest rates, resulting in a decline in the underlying fund's income. The Fund is also subject to the following risks associated with investments in currency-hedged foreign bonds: *country/regional risk*, which is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value and/or liquidity of securities issued by foreign governments, government agencies, or companies; and *currency hedging risk*, which is the chance that the currency hedging transactions entered into by the underlying foreign fixed income securities funds may not perfectly offset the fund's foreign currency exposure.

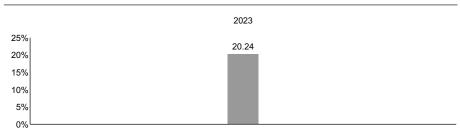
• The Fund is also subject to asset allocation risk, which is the chance that the selection of underlying funds, and the allocation of assets to them, will cause the Fund to underperform other funds with a similar investment objective.

An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Annual Total Returns

The following bar chart and table are intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows how the performance of the Fund has varied from one calendar year to another over the periods shown. The table shows how the average annual total returns of the Fund compare with those of relevant market indexes and a composite stock/bond index, which have investment characteristics similar to those of the Fund. The Target Retirement 2070 Composite Index is a custom blended index developed by Vanguard based on the Fund's asset allocation glide schedule, which becomes more conservative as time elapses. As of September 30, 2023, the composite was derived using the following portion allocations: 36% FTSE Global All Cap ex US Index; 7% Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index; 3% Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD Float Adjusted RIC Capped Index (USD Hedged); and 54% CRSP US Total Market Index. International stock benchmark returns are adjusted for withholding taxes. The components that make up the composite index may vary over time. Percentages listed may not total to 100% due to rounding. Keep in mind that the Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) does not indicate how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available on our website at vanguard.com/performance or by calling Vanguard toll-free at 800-662-7447.

Annual Total Returns — Vanguard Institutional Target Retirement 2070 Fund Institutional Shares



During the periods shown in the bar chart, the highest and lowest returns for a calendar quarter were:

	Total Return	Quarter
Highest	10.83%	December 31, 2023
Lowest	-6.57%	September 30, 2022

Average Annual Total Returns for Periods Ended December 31, 2023

	Since Fund	Fund Inception
1 Year	Inception	Date
		06/28/2022
20.24%	13.75%	
19.72	13.23	
		_
12.22	10.46	
20.48%	13.87%	
		_
26.21	17.67	
5.60	2.30	
	20.24% 19.72 12.22 20.48% 26.21	Fund Inception 20.24% 13.75% 19.72 13.23 12.22 10.46 20.48% 13.87% 26.21 17.67

Investment Advisor

The Vanguard Group, Inc. (Vanguard)

Portfolio Managers

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Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase or redeem shares online through our website (vanguard.com), by mail (The Vanguard Group, P.O. Box 982901, El Paso, TX 79998-2901), or by telephone (800-662-2739). The minimum investment amount required to open and maintain a Fund account for Investor Shares is \$1,000. The minimum investment amount required to add to an existing Fund account is generally \$1. Financial intermediaries, institutional clients, and Vanguard-advised clients should contact Vanguard for information on special eligibility rules that may apply to them regarding Investor Shares. If you are investing through an intermediary, please contact that firm directly for more information regarding your eligibility. If you are investing through an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, your plan administrator or your benefits office can provide you with detailed information on how you can invest through your plan.

Tax Information

The Fund's distributions may be taxable as ordinary income or capital gain. If you are investing through a tax-advantaged account, such as an IRA or an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, special tax rules apply.

Payments to Financial Intermediaries

The Fund and its investment advisor do not pay financial intermediaries for sales of Fund shares.

Investing in Vanguard Target Retirement Funds

This prospectus provides information about Vanguard Target Retirement Funds, a group of mutual funds that separately invest in a mix of other Vanguard stock and bond mutual funds (underlying funds). Because the Funds invest in other funds, rather than in individual securities, each Fund is considered a fund of funds.

Each Vanguard Target Retirement Fund is designed to provide an investment portfolio for investors who would rather use asset allocations developed by Vanguard than try to build their own retirement investment portfolios. The Funds are constructed based on our investment experience that, over the long term, stocks generally provide greater growth opportunities and greater risk than bonds, and bonds generally provide more income and lower volatility than stocks. The year in each Fund name (other than Vanguard Target Retirement Income Fund) refers to the approximate year (the target date) when an investor in the Fund would retire and leave the workforce. The year-specific Vanguard Target Retirement Funds strive to produce more income and lower volatility as the target year approaches.

Vanguard Target Retirement Funds do not provide guaranteed income or payouts, nor can they ensure that you will have assets in your account sufficient to cover your retirement expenses or that you will have enough saved to be able to retire in the target year identified in the fund name. That will depend on various factors, including the amount of money you have invested in your Vanguard Target Retirement Fund, the length of time you have held your investment, the returns of the markets over time, the amount you spend in retirement, and your other assets and income sources.

Once you determine your expected retirement year, you can consider choosing a Vanguard Target Retirement Fund close to that date. As the target year approaches, the year-specific Vanguard Target Retirement Funds' asset allocations begin to shift their emphasis away from stocks and toward bond investments to help provide more income and help reduce volatility. Vanguard Target Retirement Income Fund is intended for investors currently in retirement, and its asset allocation is expected to remain stable over time. Because we anticipate that you will live for many years after you retire, Vanguard Target Retirement Funds will continue to have significant investments in stocks even as you approach, and then begin, retirement.

The asset allocations Vanguard has selected for Vanguard Target Retirement Funds are based on our investment experience and are geared to the average investor. If you wish to take on less (or more) risk, you can do so by selecting Vanguard Target Retirement Funds with target dates earlier (or later) than your expected retirement date.

Vanguard may change the selection of underlying funds or the allocation of assets to the underlying funds at any time without prior notice to shareholders.

More on the Funds

This prospectus describes the principal risks you would face as a Fund shareholder. It is important to keep in mind one of the main principles of investing: generally, the higher the risk of losing money, the higher the potential reward. The reverse, also, is generally true: the lower the risk, the lower the potential reward. As you consider an investment in any mutual fund, you should take into account your personal tolerance for fluctuations in the securities markets. Look for this symbol throughout the prospectus. It is used to mark detailed information about the more significant risks that you would confront as a Fund shareholder. To highlight terms and concepts important to mutual fund investors, we have provided Plain Talk® explanations along the way. Reading the prospectus will help you decide whether a Fund is the right investment for you. We suggest that you keep this prospectus for future reference.

Plain Talk About Costs of Investing

Costs are an important consideration in choosing a mutual fund. That is because you, as a shareholder, pay a proportionate share of the costs of operating a fund and any transaction costs incurred when the fund buys or sells securities. These costs can erode a substantial portion of the gross income or the capital appreciation a fund achieves. Even seemingly small differences in expenses can, over time, have a dramatic effect on a fund's performance.

The following sections explain the principal investment strategies and policies that each Fund uses in pursuit of its investment objective. The Funds' board of trustees, which oversees each Fund's management, may change investment strategies or policies in the interest of shareholders without a shareholder vote, unless those strategies or policies are designated as fundamental. As funds of funds, Vanguard Target Retirement Funds achieve their investment objectives by investing in other Vanguard mutual funds. Through its investments in the underlying funds, each Vanguard Target Retirement Fund indirectly owns a diversified portfolio of stocks and fixed income securities.

Asset Allocation Framework

Asset allocation—that is, dividing your investment among stocks, fixed income securities, and short-term investments—is one of the most critical decisions you can make as an investor. It is also important to recognize that the asset allocation strategy you use today may not be appropriate as you move closer to retirement. Vanguard Target Retirement Funds are designed to provide you with a single Fund with an asset allocation that changes over time and becomes more

conservative as you approach retirement, meaning that the percentage of assets allocated to stocks will decrease while the percentage of assets allocated to bonds and other fixed income investments will increase.

The following table shows the targeted asset allocation for each Fund as of September 30, 2023.

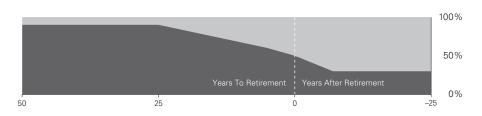
	Vanguard Target Retirement Fund						
Underlying Asset Class	Income	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	
U.S. stocks	17.5%	24%	32%	38.1%	42.8%	47.5%	
Foreign stocks	12	16.4	21.8	25	27.7	30.3	
U.S. fixed income securities	37.1	32.9	28.6	25.7	20.5	15.6	
Foreign fixed income securities	16.3	14.8	12.7	11.2	9	6.6	
Inflation-indexed securities	17.1	11.9	4.9	-	-	-	

Underlying Asset Class	Vanguard Target Retirement Fund						
	2045	2050	2055	2060	2065	2070	
U.S. stocks	51.9%	53.8%	53.7%	53.9%	53.8%	54%	
Foreign stocks	33.5	36.3	36.4	36.4	36.4	36	
U.S. fixed income securities	10.4	7.1	7.1	7	7	7	
Foreign fixed income securities	4.2	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.8	3	
Inflation-indexed securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	

The Funds' advisor allocates each Fund's assets among the underlying funds based on its investment objective and policies. The asset allocation for each Fund (other than Vanguard Target Retirement Income Fund) will change over time as the date indicated in the Fund's name draws closer. Once a Fund's asset allocation is similar to that of Vanguard Target Retirement Income Fund, the Fund's board of trustees may approve combining the Fund with Vanguard Target Retirement Income Fund. The board will grant such approval if it determines the combination to be in the best interest of Fund shareholders. Once such a combination occurs, shareholders will own shares of Vanguard Target Retirement Income Fund. Shareholders will be notified prior to such a combination. We expect these combinations to occur within seven years after the year indicated in the Fund's name.

The following chart shows how we expect the asset allocations for the Funds to change over time. The actual asset allocations may differ from this chart.

An example of how fund asset allocations change over time



	50 Years Before Retirement	25 Years Before Retirement	At Retirement	25 Years After Retirement
Stocks	90%	90%	50%	30%
Fixed Income	10%	10%	50%	70%

The Funds' investments in the underlying funds may be affected by a variety of factors. For example, an underlying fund may stop accepting or may limit additional investments, forcing Vanguard Target Retirement Funds to invest in a different underlying fund.

Stocks

By owning shares of underlying funds that hold U.S. stocks, each Vanguard Target Retirement Fund indirectly invests, to varying degrees, in U.S. stocks, with an emphasis on large-cap stocks. To a lesser extent, each Fund also invests in funds that own mid- and small-cap U.S. stocks, as well as foreign stocks, including emerging markets.



Each Fund is subject to stock market risk, which is the chance that stock prices overall will decline. Stock markets tend to move in cycles, with periods of rising prices and periods of falling prices.

Historically, mid- and small-cap stocks have been more volatile than—and at times have performed quite differently from—large-cap stocks. This volatility is due to several factors, including the fact that smaller companies often have fewer customers and financial resources than larger firms. These characteristics can

make mid-size and small companies more sensitive to changing economic conditions, leading to less certain growth and dividend prospects.

As of September 30, 2023, the stocks in the underlying *domestic* equity fund had an asset-weighted median market capitalization of \$128 billion and the stocks in the underlying *international* equity fund had an asset-weighted median market capitalization of \$30 billion.

By owning shares of underlying funds that hold foreign stocks, each Fund is subject to *country/regional risk* and *currency risk*.



Each Fund is subject to country/regional risk and currency risk.

Country/regional risk is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value of securities issued by companies in foreign countries or regions.

Because each Fund may invest a portion of its assets in securities of companies located in any one country or region, the Fund's performance may be hurt disproportionately by the poor performance of its investment in that area. Currency risk is the chance that the value of a foreign investment, measured in U.S. dollars, will decrease because of unfavorable changes in currency exchange rates. Country/regional risk and currency risk are especially high in emerging markets.

Plain Talk About International Investing

U.S. investors who invest in foreign securities will encounter risks not typically associated with U.S. companies because foreign stock and bond markets operate differently from the U.S. markets. For instance, foreign companies and governments may not be subject to the same or similar auditing, legal, tax, regulatory, financial reporting, accounting, and recordkeeping standards and practices as U.S. companies and the U.S. government, and their stocks and bonds may not be as liquid as those of similar U.S. entities. In addition, foreign stock exchanges, brokers, companies, bond markets, and dealers may be subject to less government supervision and regulation than their counterparts in the United States. Further, the imposition of economic or other sanctions on the United States by a foreign country, or on a foreign country or issuer by the United States. could impair a fund's ability to buy, sell, hold, receive, deliver, or otherwise transact in certain investment securities or obtain exposure to foreign securities and assets. These factors, among others, could negatively affect the returns U.S. investors receive from foreign investments.

Fixed Income Securities

By owning shares of underlying funds that hold U.S. fixed income securities, each Vanguard Target Retirement Fund indirectly invests, to varying degrees, in government and corporate bonds, as well as in mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities. Through their investments in underlying funds that hold inflation-indexed securities, Vanguard Target Retirement Income, Vanguard Target Retirement 2020, and Vanguard Target Retirement 2025 Funds also invest in inflation-protected bonds.

Plain Talk About Inflation-Indexed Securities

Unlike a conventional bond, whose issuer makes regular fixed interest payments and repays the face value of the bond at maturity, an inflation-indexed security (IIS) provides principal and interest payments that are adjusted over time to reflect a rise (inflation) or a drop (deflation) in the general price level for goods and services. This adjustment is a key feature of an IIS. Even though historically the general price level for goods and services has risen each year, there have been periods when the general price level for goods and services has dropped (as measured by the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Importantly, for shareholders of U.S. government issued inflation-indexed securities, during such a period of deflation, the U.S. Treasury has guaranteed that it will repay at least the face value of the securities. However, if an IIS is purchased by a fund at a premium, a deflationary period could cause the fund to experience a loss.

Inflation measurement and adjustment for an IIS have two important features. There is a two-month lag between the time that inflation occurs in the economy and when it is factored into IIS valuations. This is due to the time required to measure and calculate the CPI and for the U.S. Treasury to adjust the inflation accrual schedules for an IIS. For example, inflation that occurs in January is calculated and announced during February and affects IIS valuations throughout the month of March. In addition, the inflation index used is the nonseasonally adjusted index. It differs from the CPI that is reported by most news organizations, which is statistically smoothed to overcome highs and lows observed at different points each year. The use of the nonseasonally adjusted index can cause a fund's income level to fluctuate.



Each Fund is subject to interest rate risk, which is the chance that bond prices overall will decline because of rising interest rates.

Although fixed income securities (commonly referred to as bonds) are often thought to be less risky than stocks, there have been periods when bond prices have fallen significantly because of rising interest rates.

Plain Talk About Bonds and Interest Rates

As a rule, when interest rates rise, bond prices fall. The opposite is also true: bond prices go up when interest rates fall. Why do bond prices and interest rates move in opposite directions? Let's assume that you hold a bond offering a 4% yield. A year later, interest rates are on the rise and bonds of comparable quality and maturity are offered with a 5% yield. With higher-yielding bonds available, you would have trouble selling your 4% bond for the price you paid—you would probably have to lower your asking price. On the other hand, if interest rates were falling and 3% bonds were being offered, you should be able to sell your 4% bond for more than you paid.

How mortgage-backed securities are different: In general, declining interest rates will not lift the prices of mortgage-backed securities—such as those guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association—as much as the prices of comparable bonds. Why? Because when interest rates fall, the bond market tends to discount the prices of mortgage-backed securities for prepayment risk—the possibility that homeowners will refinance their mortgages at lower rates and cause the bonds to be paid off prior to maturity. In part to compensate for this prepayment possibility, mortgage-backed securities tend to offer higher yields than other bonds of comparable credit quality and maturity. In contrast, when interest rates rise, prepayments tend to slow down, subjecting mortgage-backed securities to extension risk—the possibility that homeowners will repay their mortgages at slower rates. This will lengthen the duration or average life of mortgage-backed securities held by a fund and delay the fund's ability to reinvest proceeds at higher interest rates, making the fund more sensitive to changes in interest rates.

Plain Talk About Inflation-Indexed Securities and Interest Rates

Interest rates on conventional bonds have two primary components: a "real" yield and an increment that reflects investor expectations of future inflation. By contrast, interest rates on an IIS are adjusted for inflation and, therefore, are not affected meaningfully by inflation expectations. This leaves only real interest rates to influence the price of an IIS. A rise in real interest rates will cause the price of an IIS to fall, while a decline in real interest rates will boost the price of an IIS.

Changes in interest rates can affect bond *income* as well as bond *prices*.



Each Fund is subject to income risk, which is the chance that an underlying fund's income will decline because of falling interest rates. A fund holding bonds will experience a decline in income when interest rates fall because the fund then must invest new cash flow and cash from maturing bonds in lower-yielding bonds.

Vanguard Target Retirement Income, Target Retirement 2020, and Target Retirement 2025 Funds are also subject to income fluctuations through their investments in underlying funds that hold inflation-indexed securities. The quarterly income distributions of the underlying funds that hold inflation-indexed securities are likely to fluctuate considerably more than income distributions of a typical bond fund because of changes in inflation.



Each Fund is subject to call risk, which is the chance that during periods of falling interest rates, issuers of callable bonds may call (redeem) securities with higher coupon rates or interest rates before their maturity dates. An underlying fund would then lose any price appreciation above the bond's call price and would be forced to reinvest the unanticipated proceeds at lower interest rates, resulting in a decline in the underlying fund's income.

For mortgage-backed securities, the risk that borrowers (e.g., homeowners) may refinance their mortgages at lower interest rates is known as *prepayment risk*.

Because the underlying funds invest only a portion of its assets in callable bonds and mortgage-backed securities, *call/prepayment risk* for each Vanguard Target Retirement Fund should be low to moderate.



Each Fund is subject to credit risk, which is the chance that the issuer of a security will fail to pay interest or principal in a timely manner or that negative perceptions of the issuer's ability to make such payments will cause the price of that security to decline, thus reducing the underlying fund's return.

The credit quality of the bonds held by the underlying funds is expected to be very high, and thus credit risk for each Fund should be low.

To a limited extent, the Funds are also indirectly subject to *event risk*, which is the chance that corporate fixed income securities held by the underlying funds may suffer a substantial decline in credit quality and market value because of a corporate restructuring.

By owning shares of underlying funds that hold foreign fixed income securities, each Vanguard Target Retirement Fund is subject to risks associated with investments in currency-hedged foreign bonds.



Each Fund is subject to country/regional risk and currency hedging risk. Country/regional risk is the chance that world events—such as political upheaval, financial troubles, or natural disasters—will adversely affect the value and/or liquidity of securities issued by foreign governments, government agencies, or companies. Currency hedging risk is the chance that the currency hedging transactions entered into by an underlying fund may not perfectly offset the fund's foreign currency exposure.

Market disruptions can adversely affect local and global markets as well as normal market conditions and operations. Any such disruptions could have an adverse impact on the value of a Fund's investments and Fund performance.

Security Selection

Each Fund seeks to achieve its objective by investing in a mix of underlying Vanguard funds to pursue a target allocation of stocks and fixed income securities, which are briefly described in the following paragraphs.

- Vanguard Total Stock Market Index Fund seeks to track the performance of the CRSP US Total Market Index, which represents approximately 100% of the investable U.S. stock market and includes large-, mid-, small-, and micro-cap stocks regularly traded on the New York Stock Exchange and Nasdaq. The fund invests by sampling the Index, meaning that it holds a broadly diversified collection of securities that, in the aggregate, approximates the full Index in terms of key characteristics.
- Vanguard Total International Stock Index Fund seeks to track the performance
 of the FTSE Global All Cap ex US Index, a float-adjusted market-capitalizationweighted index designed to measure equity market performance of companies
 located in developed and emerging markets, excluding the United States. The
 Index is most heavily weighted in Japan, China, the United Kingdom, Canada,
 Switzerland, and France.

- Vanguard Total Bond Market II Index Fund seeks to track the performance of the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index by investing in a representative sample of bonds included in the Index. The Index measures the performance of a wide spectrum of public, investment-grade, taxable, fixed income securities in the United States—including government, corporate, and international dollar-denominated bonds, as well as mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities—all with maturities of more than 1 year. The fund seeks to maintain a dollar-weighted average maturity consistent with that of the Index, which generally ranges between 5 and 10 years.
- Vanguard Total International Bond II Index Fund seeks to track the performance of the Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD Float Adjusted RIC Capped Index (USD Hedged) by investing in a representative sample of securities included in the Index. The Index provides a broad-based measure of the global, investment-grade, fixed-rate debt markets. The Index includes government, government agency, corporate, and securitized non-U.S. investment-grade fixed income investments, all issued in currencies other than the U.S. dollar and with maturities of more than 1 year. The fund maintains a dollar-weighted average maturity consistent with that of the Index, which generally ranges between 5 and 10 years. To minimize the currency risk associated with investment in bonds denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar, the fund will attempt to hedge its foreign currency exposure.
- Vanguard Short-Term Inflation-Protected Securities Index Fund seeks to track the performance of the Bloomberg U.S. Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities (TIPS) 0–5 Year Index, a market-capitalization-weighted index that includes all inflation-protected public obligations issued by the U.S. Treasury with remaining maturities of less than 5 years. The fund maintains a dollar-weighted average maturity consistent with that of the Index, which generally does not exceed 3 years.



Each Vanguard Target Retirement Fund is subject to asset allocation risk, which is the chance that the selection of underlying funds, and the allocation of assets to them, will cause the Fund to underperform other funds with a similar investment objective.

Other Investment Policies and Risks

Each underlying fund may invest, to a limited extent, in derivatives. In addition, each Fund may invest, to a limited extent, in stock and bond futures, which are types of derivatives. Each Fund will use futures to both facilitate the periodic rebalancing of the Fund's portfolio to maintain its target asset allocation and to

allow the Fund to remain fully invested in accordance with its investment strategies. Generally speaking, a derivative is a financial contract whose value is based on the value of a financial asset (such as a stock, a bond, or a currency), a physical asset (such as gold, oil, or wheat), a market index, or a reference rate. Investments in derivatives may subject the funds to risks different from, and possibly greater than, those of investments directly in the underlying securities or assets. The Funds and the underlying funds will not use derivatives for speculation or for the purpose of leveraging (magnifying) investment returns.

Cash Management

Each Fund's daily cash balance may be invested in Vanguard Market Liquidity Fund and/or Vanguard Municipal Cash Management Fund (each, a CMT Fund), which are low-cost money market funds. When investing in a CMT Fund, each Fund bears its proportionate share of the expenses of the CMT Fund in which it invests. Vanguard receives no additional revenue from Fund assets invested in a CMT Fund.

To put cash flow to work as soon as possible, and thereby capture as much of the market's return as possible, each Fund reserves the right to invest in shares of Vanguard Total Stock Market ETF, Vanguard Total International Stock ETF, Vanguard Total Bond Market ETF, Vanguard Short-Term Inflation-Protected Securities ETF, and Vanguard Total International Bond ETF, as applicable (each provides returns similar to the returns of its corresponding market segment). The Funds' advisor may purchase ETF Shares when large cash inflows come into a Fund too late in the day to invest the cash, on a same-day basis, in shares of the underlying Vanguard funds that serve as the Fund's primary investments. These cash-flow situations will arise infrequently, and the period of holding the ETF Shares will be short—in most cases, one day. (Vanguard does not receive duplicate management fees when Fund assets are invested in ETF Shares of other Vanguard funds.)

Redemption Requests

Methods used to meet redemption requests. Under normal circumstances, each Fund typically expects to meet redemptions with positive cash flows. When this is not an option, each Fund seeks to maintain its risk exposure by selling a cross section of the Fund's holdings to meet redemptions, while also factoring in transaction costs. Additionally, a Fund may work with larger clients to implement their redemptions in a manner that is least disruptive to the portfolio; see "Potentially disruptive redemptions" under *Redeeming Shares* in the **Investing With Vanguard** section.

Under certain circumstances, including under stressed market conditions, there are additional tools that each Fund may use in order to meet redemptions, including advancing the settlement of market trades with counterparties to match investor redemption payments or delaying settlement of an investor's transaction to match trade settlement within regulatory requirements. A Fund may also suspend payment of redemption proceeds for up to seven days; see "Emergency circumstances" under *Redeeming Shares* in the **Investing With Vanguard** section. Additionally under these unusual circumstances, a Fund may borrow money (subject to certain regulatory conditions and if available under board-approved procedures) through an interfund lending facility; through a bank line-of-credit, including a joint committed credit facility; or through an uncommitted line-of-credit from Vanguard in order to meet redemption requests.

Potential redemption activity impacts. At times, a Fund may experience adverse effects when certain large shareholders, or multiple shareholders comprising significant ownership of the Fund or a share class of the Fund, redeem large amounts of shares of the Fund. Large redemptions may cause a Fund to sell portfolio securities at times when it would not otherwise do so. This may result in a Fund distributing capital gains or other taxable income to non-redeeming shareholders. Large redemptions may also increase a Fund's transaction costs. Redemption activity can occur for many reasons, including shareholder reactions to market movements or other events unrelated to Vanguard's actions, or when Vanguard makes product changes that, for example, may result in a shareholder redeeming shares of a Fund to purchase shares of another similar fund or investment vehicle. When experiencing large redemptions, the Fund reserves the right to pay all or part of the redemption in-kind and/or delay payment of the redemption proceeds for up to seven calendar days; see "Potentially disruptive redemptions" under Redeeming Shares in the Investing With Vanguard section.

Frequent Trading or Market-Timing

Background. Some investors try to profit from strategies involving frequent trading of mutual fund shares, such as market-timing. For funds holding foreign securities, investors may try to take advantage of an anticipated difference between the price of the fund's shares and price movements in overseas markets, a practice also known as time-zone arbitrage. Investors also may try to engage in frequent trading of funds holding investments such as small-cap stocks and high-yield bonds. As money is shifted into and out of a fund by a shareholder engaging in frequent trading, the fund incurs costs for buying and selling securities, resulting in increased brokerage and administrative costs.

These costs are borne by *all* fund shareholders, including the long-term investors who do not generate the costs. In addition, frequent trading may interfere with an advisor's ability to efficiently manage the fund.

Policies to address frequent trading. The Vanguard funds (other than money market funds and short-term bond funds, but including Vanguard Short-Term Inflation-Protected Securities Index Fund) do not knowingly accommodate frequent trading. The board of trustees of each Vanguard fund (other than money market funds and short-term bond funds, but including Vanguard Short-Term Inflation-Protected Securities Index Fund) has adopted policies and procedures reasonably designed to detect and discourage frequent trading and, in some cases, to compensate the fund for the costs associated with it. These policies and procedures do not apply to ETF Shares because frequent trading in ETF Shares generally does not disrupt portfolio management or otherwise harm fund shareholders. Although there is no assurance that Vanguard will be able to detect or prevent frequent trading or market-timing in all circumstances, the following policies have been adopted to address these issues:

- Each Vanguard fund reserves the right to reject any purchase request—including exchanges from other Vanguard funds—without notice and regardless of size. For example, a purchase request could be rejected because the investor has a history of frequent trading or if Vanguard determines that such purchase may negatively affect a fund's operation or performance.
- Each Vanguard fund (other than money market funds and short-term bond funds, but including Vanguard Short-Term Inflation-Protected Securities Index Fund) generally prohibits, except as otherwise noted in the **Investing With** Vanguard section, an investor's purchases or exchanges into a fund account for 30 calendar days after the investor has redeemed or exchanged out of that fund account.
- Certain Vanguard funds charge shareholders purchase and/or redemption fees on transactions.

See the **Investing With Vanguard** section of this prospectus for further details on Vanguard's transaction policies.

Each Vanguard fund (other than retail and government money market funds), in determining its net asset value, will use fair-value pricing when appropriate, as described in the *Share Price* section. Fair-value pricing may reduce or eliminate the profitability of certain frequent-trading strategies.

Do not invest with Vanguard if you are a market-timer.

A precautionary note to investment companies: Each Fund's shares are issued by registered investment companies, and therefore the acquisition of such shares by other investment companies and private funds is subject to the restrictions of Section 12(d)(1) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the 1940 Act). SEC Rule 12d1-4 under the 1940 Act permits registered investment companies to invest in other registered investment companies beyond the limits in Section 12(d)(1), subject to certain conditions, including that funds with different investment advisors must enter into a fund of funds investment agreement.

Turnover Rate

Although each Fund generally seeks to invest for the long term, a Fund may sell shares of the underlying funds regardless of how long they have been held. The **Financial Highlights** section of this prospectus shows historical turnover rates for each Fund. A turnover rate of 100%, for example, would mean that a Fund had sold and replaced shares of the underlying funds valued at 100% of its net assets within a one-year period. In general, the greater the turnover rate, the greater the impact transaction costs will have on a fund's return. Also, funds with high turnover rates may be more likely to generate capital gains, including short-term capital gains, that must be distributed to shareholders and will be taxable to shareholders investing through a taxable account.

The Funds and Vanguard

Each Fund is a member of The Vanguard Group, Inc. (Vanguard), a family of over 200 funds. All of the funds that are members of Vanguard (other than funds of funds) share in the expenses associated with administrative services and business operations, such as personnel, office space, and equipment.

Vanguard Marketing Corporation provides marketing services to the funds. Although fund shareholders do not pay sales commissions or 12b-1 distribution fees, each fund (other than a fund of funds) or each share class of a fund (in the case of a fund with multiple share classes) pays its allocated share of the Vanguard funds' marketing costs.

According to an agreement applicable to Vanguard Target Retirement Funds and Vanguard, the Funds' direct expenses may be offset by (1) the Funds' contributions to the costs of operating the underlying funds in which Vanguard Target Retirement Funds invest and (2) certain savings in administrative and marketing costs that Vanguard expects to derive from the Funds' operation.

Accordingly, all expenses for services provided by Vanguard to Vanguard Target

Retirement Funds and all other expenses incurred by Vanguard Target Retirement Funds are expected to be borne by the underlying funds. The Funds' shareholders bear the fees and expenses associated with the Funds' investments in the underlying funds.

Plain Talk About Vanguard's Unique Corporate Structure

Vanguard is owned jointly by the funds it oversees and thus indirectly by the shareholders in those funds. Most other mutual funds are operated by management companies that are owned by third parties—either public or private stockholders—and not by the funds they serve.

Investment Advisor

The Vanguard Group, Inc., P.O. Box 2600, Valley Forge, PA 19482, which began operations in 1975, serves as advisor to the Funds through its Equity Index Group. Vanguard's Investment Strategy Group establishes and reviews the asset allocation targets of the Funds and determines whether any changes are required to best enable each Fund to achieve its investment objective. The Equity Index Group implements the asset allocation targets and performs other portfolio management functions for the Funds. Vanguard also serves as investment advisor for each of the underlying funds. As of September 30, 2023, Vanguard served as advisor for approximately \$6.5 trillion in assets. Vanguard provides investment advisory services to the Funds pursuant to the Funds' Service Agreement and subject to the supervision and oversight of the trustees and officers of the Funds.

For a discussion of why the board of trustees approved each Fund's investment advisory arrangement, see the most recent semiannual reports to shareholders covering the fiscal period ended March 31.

The managers primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Funds are:

Roger A. Aliaga-Diaz, Ph.D., Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. He has been with Vanguard since 2007, has worked in investment management since 2010, and has managed investment portfolios and co-managed the Target Retirement Funds since 2023. Education: B.A., Universidad Nacional de Córdoba, Argentina; Ph.D., North Carolina State University.

Aurélie Denis, CFA, Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. She has been with Vanguard since 2016, has worked in investment management since 2017, and has managed investment portfolios and co-managed the Target Retirement Funds since 2023. Education: B.S., Pennsylvania State University.

Michael R. Roach, Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. He has been with Vanguard since 1998, has worked in investment management since 2000, had previously managed investment portfolios from 2009-2019, and has co-managed the remaining Target Retirement Funds since 2023. Education: B.S., Bloomsburg University of Pennsylvania; M.S., Drexel University.

Walter Nejman, Portfolio Manager at Vanguard. He has been with Vanguard since 2005, has worked in investment management since 2008, has co-managed the Target Retirement 2065 Fund since its inception in 2017, has co-managed the Target Retirement 2070 Fund since its inception in 2022, and has co-managed the Target Retirement Funds since 2013. Education: B.A., Arcadia University; M.B.A., Villanova University.

The Funds' *Statement of Additional Information* provides information about each portfolio manager's compensation, other accounts under management, and ownership of shares of the Funds.

Under the terms of an SEC exemption (except with respect to Vanguard Target Retirement 2055 Fund), the Funds' board of trustees may, without prior approval from shareholders, change the terms of an advisory agreement with a third-party investment advisor or hire a new third-party investment advisor—either as a replacement for an existing advisor or as an additional advisor. Any significant change in a Fund's advisory arrangements will be communicated to shareholders in writing. As the Funds' sponsor and overall manager, Vanguard may provide investment advisory services to a Fund at any time. Vanguard may also recommend to the board of trustees that an advisor be hired, terminated, or replaced or that the terms of an existing advisory agreement be revised. The Funds have filed an application seeking a similar SEC exemption with respect to investment advisors that are wholly owned subsidiaries of Vanguard. If the exemption is granted, the Funds (other than Vanguard Target Retirement 2055 Fund) may rely on the new SEC relief.

Dividends, Capital Gains, and Taxes

Fund Distributions

Each Fund distributes to shareholders virtually all of its net income as well as any net short-term or long-term capital gains realized from the sale of its holdings or received as capital gains distributions from the underlying funds. From time to time, each Fund may also make distributions that are treated as a return of capital. Income dividends for Vanguard Target Retirement Income Fund generally are distributed quarterly in March, June, September, and December; income dividends for the other Vanguard Target Retirement Funds generally are distributed annually in December. Capital gains distributions, if any, generally occur annually in December. In addition, each Fund may occasionally make a supplemental distribution at some other time during the year.

You can receive distributions of income or capital gains in cash, or you can have them automatically reinvested in more shares of the Fund. However, if you are investing through an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, your distributions will be automatically reinvested in additional Fund shares.

Basic Tax Points

Investors in taxable accounts should be aware of the following basic federal income tax points:

- Distributions are taxable to you whether or not you reinvest these amounts in additional Fund shares.
- Distributions declared in December—if paid to you by the end of January—are taxable as if received in December.
- Any dividend distribution or short-term capital gains distribution that you
 receive is taxable to you as ordinary income. If you are an individual and meet
 certain holding-period requirements with respect to your Fund shares, you may
 be eligible for reduced tax rates on "qualified dividend income," if any, or a
 special tax deduction on "qualified REIT dividends," if any, distributed by
 the Fund.
- Any distribution of net long-term capital gains is taxable to you as long-term capital gains, no matter how long you have owned shares in the Fund.
- Capital gains distributions may vary considerably from year to year as a result of the Funds' normal investment activities and cash flows.
- Your cost basis in the Fund will be decreased by the amount of any return of capital that you receive. This, in turn, will affect the amount of any capital gain or loss that you realize when selling or exchanging your Fund shares.

- Return of capital distributions generally are not taxable to you until your cost basis has been reduced to zero. If your cost basis is at zero, return of capital distributions will be treated as capital gains.
- A sale or exchange of Fund shares is a taxable event. This means that you
 may have a capital gain to report as income, or a capital loss to report as a
 deduction, when you complete your tax return.
- Vanguard (or your intermediary) will send you a statement each year showing the tax status of all of your distributions.

Individuals, trusts, and estates whose income exceeds certain threshold amounts are subject to a 3.8% Medicare contribution tax on "net investment income." Net investment income takes into account distributions paid by the Fund and capital gains from any sale or exchange of Fund shares.

Dividend distributions and capital gains distributions that you receive, as well as your gains or losses from any sale or exchange of Fund shares, may be subject to state and local income taxes.

This prospectus provides general tax information only. If you are investing through a tax-advantaged account, such as an IRA or an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, special tax rules apply. Please consult your tax advisor for detailed information about any tax consequences for you.

Plain Talk About Buying a Dividend

Unless you are a tax-exempt investor or investing through a tax-advantaged account (such as an IRA or an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan), you should consider avoiding a purchase of fund shares shortly before the fund makes a distribution, because doing so can cost you money in taxes. This is known as "buying a dividend." For example: On December 15, you invest \$5,000, buying 250 shares for \$20 each. If the fund pays a distribution of \$1 per share on December 16, its share price will drop to \$19 (not counting market change). You still have only \$5,000 (250 shares x \$19 = \$4,750 in share value, plus 250 shares x \$1 = \$250 in distributions), but you owe tax on the \$250 distribution you received—even if you reinvest it in more shares. To avoid buying a dividend, check a fund's distribution schedule before you invest.

General Information

Backup withholding. By law, Vanguard must withhold 24% of any taxable distributions or redemptions from your account if you do not:

- · Provide your correct taxpayer identification number.
- Certify that the taxpayer identification number is correct.
- · Confirm that you are not subject to backup withholding.

Similarly, Vanguard (or your intermediary) must withhold taxes from your account if the IRS instructs us to do so.

Foreign investors. Vanguard funds offered for sale in the United States (Vanguard U.S. funds), including the Funds offered in this prospectus, are not widely available outside the United States. Non-U.S. investors should be aware that U.S. withholding and estate taxes and certain U.S. tax reporting requirements may apply to any investments in Vanguard U.S. funds. Foreign investors should visit the non-U.S. investors page on our website at *vanguard.com* for information on Vanguard's non-U.S. products.

Invalid addresses. If a dividend distribution or capital gains distribution check mailed to your address of record is returned as undeliverable, Vanguard will automatically reinvest the distribution and all future distributions until you provide us with a valid mailing address. Reinvestments will receive the net asset value calculated on the date of the reinvestment.

Share Price

Share price, also known as *net asset value* (NAV), is calculated as of the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE), generally 4 p.m., Eastern time, on each day that the NYSE is open for business (a business day). In the rare event the NYSE experiences unanticipated disruptions and is unavailable at the close of the trading day, NAVs will be calculated as of the close of regular trading on the Nasdaq (or another alternate exchange if the Nasdaq is unavailable, as determined at Vanguard's discretion), generally 4 p.m., Eastern time. The NAV per share is computed by dividing the total assets, minus liabilities, of each Fund by the number of Fund shares outstanding. On U.S. holidays or other days when the NYSE is closed, the NAV is not calculated, and the Funds do not sell or redeem shares. The underlying Vanguard funds in which the Funds invest also do not calculate their NAV on days when the NYSE is closed, but the value of their assets may be affected to the extent that they hold securities that change in value on those days (such as foreign securities that trade on foreign markets that are open).

Each Fund's NAV is calculated based upon the values of the underlying mutual funds in which the Fund invests. The values of any mutual fund shares, including institutional money market fund shares, held by a fund are based on the NAVs of the shares. The values of any ETF shares held by a fund are based on the market value of the shares. The prospectuses for the underlying funds explain the circumstances under which those funds will use fair-value pricing and the effects of doing so.

Vanguard fund share prices are published daily on our website at *vanguard.com/prices*.

Financial Highlights

Financial highlights information is intended to help you understand a fund's performance for the past five years (or, if shorter, its period of operations). Certain information reflects financial results for a single fund share. Total return represents the rate that an investor would have earned or lost each period on an investment in a fund or share class (assuming reinvestment of all distributions). This information has been obtained from the financial statements audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, whose report, along with fund financial statements, is included in a fund's most recent annual report to shareholders. You may obtain a free copy of a fund's latest annual or semiannual report, which is available upon request.

Vanguard Target Retirement Income Fund

vanguard rarget Retirement income rund					
			Year En	ded Septe	mber 30,
For a Share Outstanding Throughout Each Period	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$12.00	\$15.24	\$14.54	\$13.85	\$13.52
Investment Operations					
Net Investment Income ¹	.333	.380	.278	.308	.341
Capital Gain Distributions Received ¹	.0002	.017	.056	_	_
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments	.503	(2.381)	.887	.696	.533
Total from Investment Operations	.836	(1.984)	1.221	1.004	.874
Distributions					
Dividends from Net Investment Income	(.360)	(.382)	(.256)	(.297)	(.352)
Distributions from Realized Capital Gains	(.046)	(.874)	(.265)	(.017)	(.192
Total Distributions	(.406)	(1.256)	(.521)	(.314)	(.544)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$12.43	\$12.00	\$15.24	\$14.54	\$13.85
Total Return ³	7.02%	-14.19%	8.48%	7.35%	6.75%
Ratios/Supplemental Data					
Net Assets, End of Period (Millions)	\$35,263	\$36,522	\$16,322	\$17,576	\$16,984
Ratio of Total Expenses to Average Net Assets	_	_	_	_	_
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.08%	0.09%4	0.12%	0.12%	0.12%
Ratio of Net Investment Income to Average Net Assets	2.64%	2.82%	1.84%	2.19%	2.54%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	4%5	19% ⁵	6%	17%	10%

- 1 Calculated based on average shares outstanding.
- 2 Distribution was less than \$.001 per share.
- 3 Total returns do not include account service fees that may have applied in the periods shown. Fund prospectuses provide information about any applicable account service fees.
- 4 The Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses (AFFE) of 0.09% reflects the blended amount of expenses for the year ended September 30, 2022. Before the acquisition of Vanguard Institutional Target Retirement Income Fund on February 11, 2022, the AFFE was 0.12% on an annualized basis. Following the acquisition, the AFFE was 0.08% on an annualized basis and remained 0.08% following the acquisition of Vanguard Target Retirement 2015 Fund on July 8, 2022.
- 5 Excludes the value of portfolio securities received or delivered as a result of in-kind purchases or redemptions of the fund's capital shares.

Vanguard Target Retirement 2020 Fund

	Year Ended Septembe				mber 30,
For a Share Outstanding Throughout Each Period	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$25.37	\$36.04	\$33.79	\$32.24	\$32.14
Investment Operations					
Net Investment Income ¹	.671	.725	.613	.713	.778
Capital Gain Distributions Received ¹	.000 ²	.033	.110	_	_
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments	1.643	(5.358)	3.680	1.987	.736
Total from Investment Operations	2.314	(4.600)	4.403	2.700	1.514
Distributions					
Dividends from Net Investment Income	(.654)	(.789)	(.554)	(.789)	(.745)
Distributions from Realized Capital Gains	(.610)	(5.281)	(1.599)	(.361)	(.669)
Total Distributions	(1.264)	(6.070)	(2.153)	(1.150)	(1.414)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$26.42	\$25.37	\$36.04	\$33.79	\$32.24
Total Return ³	9.36%	-15.83%	13.37%	8.51%	5.29%
Ratios/Supplemental Data					
Net Assets, End of Period (Millions)	\$37,751	\$39,835	\$25,373	\$31,887	\$32,790
Ratio of Total Expenses to Average Net Assets	_	_	_	_	
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.08%	0.09%4	0.13%	0.13%	0.13%
Ratio of Net Investment Income to Average Net Assets	2.52%	2.48%	1.73%	2.21%	2.51%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	3% ⁵	14% ⁵	5%	19%	13%

- 1 Calculated based on average shares outstanding.
- 2 Distribution was less than \$.001 per share.
- 3 Total returns do not include account service fees that may have applied in the periods shown. Fund prospectuses provide information about any applicable account service fees.
- 4 The Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses (AFFE) of 0.09% reflects the blended amount of expenses for the year ended September 30, 2022. Before the acquisition of Vanguard Institutional Target Retirement 2020 Fund on February 11, 2022, the AFFE was 0.13% on an annualized basis. Following the acquisition, the AFFE was 0.08% on an annualized basis.
- 5 Excludes the value of portfolio securities received or delivered as a result of in-kind purchases or redemptions of the fund's capital shares.

Vanguard Target Retirement 2025 Fund

	Year Ended Septembe				mber 30,
For a Share Outstanding Throughout Each Period	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$16.20	\$22.84	\$20.56	\$19.34	\$19.02
Investment Operations					
Net Investment Income ¹	.418	.413	.362	.438	.464
Capital Gain Distributions Received ¹	.000 ²	.019	.063	_	_
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments	1.426	(3.761)	2.792	1.292	.390
Total from Investment Operations	1.844	(3.329)	3.217	1.730	.854
Distributions					
Dividends from Net Investment Income	(.368)	(.440)	(.356)	(.471)	(.434)
Distributions from Realized Capital Gains	(.126)	(2.871)	(.581)	(.039)	(.100)
Total Distributions	(.494)	(3.311)	(.937)	(.510)	(.534)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$17.55	\$16.20	\$22.84	\$20.56	\$19.34
Total Return ³	11.56%	-17.53%	15.93%	9.04%	4.89%
Ratios/Supplemental Data					
Net Assets, End of Period (Millions)	\$72,180	\$69,386	\$41,268	\$46,521	\$44,146
Ratio of Total Expenses to Average Net Assets	_	_	_	_	_
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.08%	0.09%4	0.13%	0.13%	0.13%
Ratio of Net Investment Income to Average Net Assets	2.39%	2.19%	1.63%	2.25%	2.51%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	6% ⁵	14% ⁵	7%	21%	11%

- 1 Calculated based on average shares outstanding.
- 2 Distribution was less than \$.001 per share.
- 3 Total returns do not include account service fees that may have applied in the periods shown. Fund prospectuses provide information about any applicable account service fees.
- 4 The Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses (AFFE) of 0.09% reflects the blended amount of expenses for the year ended September 30, 2022. Before the acquisition of Vanguard Institutional Target Retirement 2025 Fund on February 11, 2022, the AFFE was 0.13% on an annualized basis. Following the acquisition, the AFFE was 0.08% on an annualized basis.
- 5 Excludes the value of portfolio securities received or delivered as a result of in-kind purchases or redemptions of the fund's capital shares.

Vanguard Target Retirement 2030 Fund

	Year Ended Septem				mber 30,
For a Share Outstanding Throughout Each Period	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$30.12	\$43.40	\$37.63	\$35.22	\$34.74
Investment Operations					
Net Investment Income ¹	.767	.730	.679	.782	.830
Capital Gain Distributions Received ¹	.000 ²	.028	.098	_	_
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments	3.137	(7.291)	6.031	2.495	.486
Total from Investment Operations	3.904	(6.533)	6.808	3.277	1.316
Distributions					
Dividends from Net Investment Income	(.643)	(.822)	(.661)	(.867)	(.767)
Distributions from Realized Capital Gains	(.151)	(5.925)	(.377)	_	(.069)
Total Distributions	(.794)	(6.747)	(1.038)	(.867)	(.836)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$33.23	\$30.12	\$43.40	\$37.63	\$35.22
Total Return ³	13.14%	-18.42%	18.29%	9.38%	4.15%
Ratios/Supplemental Data					
Net Assets, End of Period (Millions)	\$81,554	\$72,116	\$36,946	\$42,285	\$39,114
Ratio of Total Expenses to Average Net Assets	_	_	_	_	
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.08%	0.09%4	0.13%	0.14%	0.14%
Ratio of Net Investment Income to Average Net Assets	2.32%	2.07%	1.62%	2.20%	2.46%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	3%5	11% ⁵	6%	21%	8%

- 1 Calculated based on average shares outstanding.
- 2 Distribution was less than \$.001 per share.
- 3 Total returns do not include account service fees that may have applied in the periods shown. Fund prospectuses provide information about any applicable account service fees.
- 4 The Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses (AFFE) of 0.09% reflects the blended amount of expenses for the year ended September 30, 2022. Before the acquisition of Vanguard Institutional Target Retirement 2030 Fund on February 11, 2022, the AFFE was 0.13% on an annualized basis. Following the acquisition, the AFFE was 0.08% on an annualized basis.
- 5 Excludes the value of portfolio securities received or delivered as a result of in-kind purchases or redemptions of the fund's capital shares.

Vanguard Target Retirement 2035 Fund

	Year Ended September				mber 30,
For a Share Outstanding Throughout Each Period	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$18.50	\$27.25	\$23.16	\$21.60	\$21.46
Investment Operations					
Net Investment Income ¹	.471	.455	.430	.470	.500
Capital Gain Distributions Received ¹	.000 ²	.014	.046	_	_
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments	2.192	(4.566)	4.244	1.614	.146
Total from Investment Operations	2.663	(4.097)	4.720	2.084	.646
Distributions					
Dividends from Net Investment Income	(.402)	(.559)	(.409)	(.524)	(.464)
Distributions from Realized Capital Gains	(.121)	(4.094)	(.221)	_	(.042)
Total Distributions	(.523)	(4.653)	(.630)	(.524)	(.506)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$20.64	\$18.50	\$27.25	\$23.16	\$21.60
Total Return ³	14.61%	-18.87%	20.60%	9.71%	3.37%
Ratios/Supplemental Data					
Net Assets, End of Period (Millions)	\$82,365	\$70,250	\$37,822	\$40,597	\$37,126
Ratio of Total Expenses to Average Net Assets	_	_	_	_	
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.08%	0.09%4	0.14%	0.14%	0.14%
Ratio of Net Investment Income to Average Net Assets	2.30%	2.08%	1.64%	2.15%	2.42%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	1% ⁵	9% ⁵	6%	18%	7%

- 1 Calculated based on average shares outstanding.
- 2 Distribution was less than \$.001 per share.
- 3 Total returns do not include account service fees that may have applied in the periods shown. Fund prospectuses provide information about any applicable account service fees.
- 4 The Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses (AFFE) of 0.09% reflects the blended amount of expenses for the year ended September 30, 2022. Before the acquisition of Vanguard Institutional Target Retirement 2035 Fund on February 11, 2022, the AFFE was 0.14% on an annualized basis. Following the acquisition, the AFFE was 0.08% on an annualized basis.
- 5 Excludes the value of portfolio securities received or delivered as a result of in-kind purchases or redemptions of the fund's capital shares.

Vanguard Target Retirement 2040 Fund

		Year Ended September			
For a Share Outstanding Throughout Each Period	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$32.25	\$48.29	\$40.07	\$37.27	\$37.26
Investment Operations					
Net Investment Income ¹	.821	.797	.764	.799	.850
Capital Gain Distributions Received ¹	.000 ²	.017	.057	_	_
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments	4.315	(8.162)	8.312	2.892	(.005)
Total from Investment Operations	5.136	(7.348)	9.133	3.691	.845
Distributions					
Dividends from Net Investment Income	(.714)	(1.003)	(.719)	(.891)	(.779)
Distributions from Realized Capital Gains	(.172)	(7.689)	(.194)	_	(.056)
Total Distributions	(.886)	(8.692)	(.913)	(.891)	(.835)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$36.50	\$32.25	\$48.29	\$40.07	\$37.27
Total Return ³	16.15%	-19.42%	23.00%	9.96%	2.63%
Ratios/Supplemental Data					
Net Assets, End of Period (Millions)	\$72,165	\$60,363	\$29,084	\$32,404	\$29,043
Ratio of Total Expenses to Average Net Assets	_	_	_	_	_
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.08%	0.09%4	0.14%	0.14%	0.14%
Ratio of Net Investment Income to Average Net Assets	2.27%	2.08%	1.66%	2.12%	2.38%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	1% ⁵	7% ⁵	5%	13%	5%

- 1 Calculated based on average shares outstanding.
- 2 Distribution was less than \$.001 per share.
- 3 Total returns do not include account service fees that may have applied in the periods shown. Fund prospectuses provide information about any applicable account service fees.
- 4 The Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses (AFFE) of 0.09% reflects the blended amount of expenses for the year ended September 30, 2022. Before the acquisition of Vanguard Institutional Target Retirement 2040 Fund on February 11, 2022, the AFFE was 0.14% on an annualized basis. Following the acquisition, the AFFE was 0.08% on an annualized basis.
- 5 Excludes the value of portfolio securities received or delivered as a result of in-kind purchases or redemptions of the fund's capital shares.

Vanguard Target Retirement 2045 Fund

	Year Ended September				mber 30,
For a Share Outstanding Throughout Each Period	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$21.54	\$31.04	\$25.22	\$23.38	\$23.49
Investment Operations					
Net Investment Income ¹	.548	.536	.495	.492	.527
Capital Gain Distributions Received ¹	.000 ²	.007	.020	_	_
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments	3.200	(5.672)	5.840	1.900	(.128)
Total from Investment Operations	3.748	(5.129)	6.355	2.392	.399
Distributions					
Dividends from Net Investment Income	(.486)	(.629)	(.452)	(.552)	(.483)
Distributions from Realized Capital Gains	(.142)	(3.742)	(.083)	_	(.026)
Total Distributions	(.628)	(4.371)	(.535)	(.552)	(.509)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$24.66	\$21.54	\$31.04	\$25.22	\$23.38
Total Return ³	17.67%	-19.93%	25.42%	10.27%	2.06%
Ratios/Supplemental Data					
Net Assets, End of Period (Millions)	\$68,781	\$55,921	\$28,918	\$30,205	\$26,670
Ratio of Total Expenses to Average Net Assets	_	_	_	_	_
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.08%	0.09%4	0.15%	0.15%	0.15%
Ratio of Net Investment Income to Average Net Assets	2.25%	2.09%	1.68%	2.08%	2.35%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	1% ⁵	5% ⁵	4%	9%	4%

- 1 Calculated based on average shares outstanding.
- 2 Distribution was less than \$.001 per share.
- 3 Total returns do not include account service fees that may have applied in the periods shown. Fund prospectuses provide information about any applicable account service fees.
- 4 The Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses (AFFE) of 0.09% reflects the blended amount of expenses for the year ended September 30, 2022. Before the acquisition of Vanguard Institutional Target Retirement 2045 Fund on February 11, 2022, the AFFE was 0.15% on an annualized basis. Following the acquisition, the AFFE was 0.08% on an annualized basis.
- 5 Excludes the value of portfolio securities received or delivered as a result of in-kind purchases or redemptions of the fund's capital shares.

Vanguard Target Retirement 2050 Fund

			Year En	ded Septe	mber 30,
For a Share Outstanding Throughout Each Period	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$35.44	\$50.09	\$40.60	\$37.63	\$37.80
Investment Operations					
Net Investment Income ¹	.904	.884	.798	.793	.851
Capital Gain Distributions Received ¹	.000 ²	.009	.031	_	_
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments	5.557	(9.524)	9.498	3.053	(.204)
Total from Investment Operations	6.461	(8.631)	10.327	3.846	.647
Distributions					
Dividends from Net Investment Income	(.805)	(1.026)	(.741)	(.876)	(.789)
Distributions from Realized Capital Gains	(.096)	(4.993)	(.096)	_	(.028)
Total Distributions	(.901)	(6.019)	(.837)	(.876)	(.817)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$41.00	\$35.44	\$50.09	\$40.60	\$37.63
Total Return ³	18.48%	-20.18%	25.65%	10.26%	2.07%
Ratios/Supplemental Data					
Net Assets, End of Period (Millions)	\$56,637	\$44,736	\$21,583	\$22,979	\$19,470
Ratio of Total Expenses to Average Net Assets	_	_	_	_	_
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.08%	0.09%4	0.15%	0.15%	0.15%
Ratio of Net Investment Income to Average Net Assets	2.24%	2.10%	1.68%	2.08%	2.36%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	2% ⁵	4% ⁵	4%	9%	3%

- 1 Calculated based on average shares outstanding.
- 2 Distribution was less than \$.001 per share.
- 3 Total returns do not include account service fees that may have applied in the periods shown. Fund prospectuses provide information about any applicable account service fees.
- 4 The Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses (AFFE) of 0.09% reflects the blended amount of expenses for the year ended September 30, 2022. Before the acquisition of Vanguard Institutional Target Retirement 2050 Fund on February 11, 2022, the AFFE was 0.15% on an annualized basis. Following the acquisition, the AFFE was 0.08% on an annualized basis.
- 5 Excludes the value of portfolio securities received or delivered as a result of in-kind purchases or redemptions of the fund's capital shares.

Vanguard Target Retirement 2055 Fund

			Year En	ded Septe	mber 30,
For a Share Outstanding Throughout Each Period	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$39.46	\$54.38	\$44.08	\$40.84	\$40.95
Investment Operations					
Net Investment Income ¹	1.011	.981	.868	.862	.929
Capital Gain Distributions Received ¹	.000 ²	.010	.034	_	_
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments	6.192	(10.672)	10.295	3.307	(.209)
Total from Investment Operations	7.203	(9.681)	11.197	4.169	.720
Distributions					
Dividends from Net Investment Income	(.885)	(1.099)	(.791)	(.929)	(.830)
Distributions from Realized Capital Gains	(.038)	(4.140)	(.106)	_	_
Total Distributions	(.923)	(5.239)	(.897)	(.929)	(.830)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$45.74	\$39.46	\$54.38	\$44.08	\$40.84
Total Return ³	18.48%	-20.17%	25.61%	10.25%	2.09%
Ratios/Supplemental Data					
Net Assets, End of Period (Millions)	\$36,765	\$27,570	\$12,516	\$12,901	\$10,202
Ratio of Total Expenses to Average Net Assets	_	_	_	_	_
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.08%	0.09%4	0.15%	0.15%	0.15%
Ratio of Net Investment Income to Average Net Assets	2.25%	2.10%	1.68%	2.09%	2.37%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	1% ⁵	4% ⁵	6%	8%	3%

- 1 Calculated based on average shares outstanding.
- 2 Distribution was less than \$.001 per share.
- 3 Total returns do not include account service fees that may have applied in the periods shown. Fund prospectuses provide information about any applicable account service fees.
- 4 The Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses (AFFE) of 0.09% reflects the blended amount of expenses for the year ended September 30, 2022. Before the acquisition of Vanguard Institutional Target Retirement 2055 Fund on February 11, 2022, the AFFE was 0.15% on an annualized basis. Following the acquisition, the AFFE was 0.08% on an annualized basis.
- 5 Excludes the value of portfolio securities received or delivered as a result of in-kind purchases or redemptions of the fund's capital shares.

Vanguard Target Retirement 2060 Fund

	Year Ended September 30,				mber 30,
For a Share Outstanding Throughout Each Period	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$36.30	\$48.04	\$38.95	\$36.07	\$36.16
Investment Operations					
Net Investment Income ¹	.936	.903	.773	.762	.822
Capital Gain Distributions Received ¹	.000 ²	.009	.029	_	_
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments	5.697	(9.930)	9.085	2.922	(.192)
Total from Investment Operations	6.633	(9.018)	9.887	3.684	.630
Distributions					
Dividends from Net Investment Income	(.813)	(.936)	(.684)	(.804)	(.717)
Distributions from Realized Capital Gains	_	(1.786)	(.113)	_	(.003)
Total Distributions	(.813)	(2.722)	(.797)	(.804)	(.720)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$42.12	\$36.30	\$48.04	\$38.95	\$36.07
Total Return ³	18.49%	-20.16%	25.60%	10.25%	2.07%
Ratios/Supplemental Data					
Net Assets, End of Period (Millions)	\$19,697	\$13,680	\$6,658	\$6,027	\$4,359
Ratio of Total Expenses to Average Net Assets	_	_	_	_	_
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.08%	0.09%4	0.15%	0.15%	0.15%
Ratio of Net Investment Income to Average Net Assets	2.26%	2.10%	1.69%	2.09%	2.37%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	1% ⁵	3%5	8%	6%	2%

- 1 Calculated based on average shares outstanding.
- 2 Distribution was less than \$.001 per share.
- 3 Total returns do not include account service fees that may have applied in the periods shown. Fund prospectuses provide information about any applicable account service fees.
- 4 The Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses (AFFE) of 0.09% reflects the blended amount of expenses for the year ended September 30, 2022. Before the acquisition of Vanguard Institutional Target Retirement 2060 Fund on February 11, 2022, the AFFE was 0.15% on an annualized basis. Following the acquisition, the AFFE was 0.08% on an annualized basis.
- 5 Excludes the value of portfolio securities received or delivered as a result of in-kind purchases or redemptions of the fund's capital shares.

Vanguard Target Retirement 2065 Fund

		Year Ended September 30			mber 30,
For a Share Outstanding Throughout Each Period	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$23.76	\$30.31	\$24.52	\$22.69	\$22.64
Investment Operations					
Net Investment Income ¹	.617	.594	.500	.485	.529
Capital Gain Distributions Received ¹	.000 ²	.005	.017	_	_
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments	3.723	(6.543)	5.712	1.802	(.116)
Total from Investment Operations	4.340	(5.944)	6.229	2.287	.413
Distributions					
Dividends from Net Investment Income	(.510)	(.535)	(.400)	(.457)	(.363)
Distributions from Realized Capital Gains	_	(.071)	(.039)	_	.000 ²
Total Distributions	(.510)	(.606)	(.439)	(.457)	(.363)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$27.59	\$23.76	\$30.31	\$24.52	\$22.69
Total Return ³	18.47%	-20.10%	25.59%	10.11%	2.09%
Ratios/Supplemental Data					
Net Assets, End of Period (Millions)	\$5,191	\$3,133	\$1,430	\$864	\$420
Ratio of Total Expenses to Average Net Assets	_	_	_	_	_
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.08%	0.09%4	0.15%	0.15%	0.15%
Ratio of Net Investment Income to Average Net Assets	2.27%	2.13%	1.72%	2.11%	2.42%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	1% ⁵	2%5	5%	6%	2%

- 1 Calculated based on average shares outstanding.
- 2 Distribution was less than \$.001 per share.
- 3 Total returns do not include account service fees that may have applied in the periods shown. Fund prospectuses provide information about any applicable account service fees.
- 4 The Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses (AFFE) of 0.09% reflects the blended amount of expenses for the year ended September 30, 2022. Before the acquisition of Vanguard Institutional Target Retirement 2065 Fund on February 11, 2022, the AFFE was 0.15% on an annualized basis. Following the acquisition, the AFFE was 0.08% on an annualized basis.
- 5 Excludes the value of portfolio securities received or delivered as a result of in-kind purchases or redemptions of the fund's capital shares.

Vanguard Target Retirement 2070 Fund

	Year Ended September 30,	
For a Share Outstanding Throughout Each Period	2023	2022
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$18.50	\$20.00
Investment Operations		
Net Investment Income ²	.523	.113
Capital Gain Distributions Received ²	_	_
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments	2.879	(1.613)
Total from Investment Operations	3.402	(1.500)
Distributions		
Dividends from Net Investment Income	(.182)	_
Distributions from Realized Capital Gains	_	_
Total Distributions	(.182)	_
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$21.72	\$18.50
Total Return ³	18.49%	-7.50%
Ratios/Supplemental Data		
Net Assets, End of Period (Millions)	\$315	\$32
Ratio of Total Expenses to Average Net Assets	_	_
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.08%	0.08%4
Ratio of Net Investment Income to Average Net Assets	2.40%	2.15%4
Portfolio Turnover Rate	2%	44%

¹ Inception.

² Calculated based on average shares outstanding.

³ Total returns do not include account service fees that may have applied in the periods shown. Fund prospectuses provide information about any applicable account service fees.

⁴ Annualized.

Investing With Vanguard

This section of the prospectus explains the basics of doing business with Vanguard. Vanguard fund shares can be held indirectly through an intermediary, such as a bank, a broker, or an investment advisor. If you hold Vanguard fund shares indirectly through an intermediary (including shares held in a brokerage account through Vanguard Brokerage Services®), please see *Investing With Vanguard Through Other Firms*, and also refer to your account agreement with the intermediary for information about transacting in that account. If you hold Vanguard fund shares through an employer-sponsored retirement or savings plan, please see *Employer-Sponsored Plans*. Vanguard reserves the right to change the policies in this section without notice. Please call or check online for current information. See *Contacting Vanguard*.

In certain circumstances, Vanguard fund shares can be held directly with Vanguard. If you hold Vanguard fund shares directly with Vanguard, you should carefully read each topic within this section that pertains to your relationship with Vanguard. Vanguard reserves the right, upon reasonable notice, to discontinue the ability to hold Vanguard fund shares directly with Vanguard for any or all investors and/or to transfer such shares to an affiliate or other financial institution.

For Vanguard fund shares held directly with Vanguard, each fund you hold in an account is a separate "fund account." For example, if you hold three funds in a nonretirement account titled in your own name, two funds in a nonretirement account titled jointly with your spouse, and one fund in an individual retirement account, you have six fund accounts—and this is true even if you hold the same fund in multiple accounts. Note that each reference to "you" in this prospectus applies to any one or more registered account owners or persons authorized to transact on your account.

Purchasing Shares

Vanguard reserves the right, without notice, to increase or decrease the minimum amount required to open or maintain a fund account or to add to an existing fund account.

Investment minimums may differ for certain categories of investors.

Account Minimums

To open and maintain an account. \$1,000. Financial intermediaries, institutional clients, and Vanguard-advised clients should contact Vanguard for information on special eligibility rules that may apply to them regarding Investor Shares. If you are investing through an intermediary, please contact that firm directly for more information regarding your eligibility.

To add to an existing account. Generally \$1.

How to Initiate a Purchase Request

Be sure to check *Exchanging Shares, Frequent-Trading Limitations*, and *Other Rules You Should Know* before placing your purchase request.

Online. You may open certain types of accounts, request a purchase of shares, and request an exchange through our website or our mobile application if your account is eligible and you are registered for online access.

By telephone. You may call Vanguard to begin the account registration process or request that the account-opening forms be sent to you. You may also call Vanguard to request a purchase of shares in your account or to request an exchange. See *Contacting Vanguard*.

By mail. You may send Vanguard your account registration form and check to open a new fund account. To add to an existing fund account, you may send your check with an Invest-by-Mail form (from a transaction confirmation or your account statement) or with a deposit slip (available online).

How to Pay for a Purchase

By electronic bank transfer. You may purchase shares of a Vanguard fund through an electronic transfer of money from a bank account. To establish the electronic bank transfer service on an account, you must designate the bank account online, complete a form, or fill out the appropriate section of your account registration form. After the service is set up on your account, you can purchase shares by electronic bank transfer on a regular schedule (Automatic Investment Plan), if eligible, or upon request. Your purchase request can be initiated online (if you are registered for online access), by telephone, or by mail.

By wire. Wiring instructions vary for different types of purchases. Please call Vanguard for instructions and policies on purchasing shares by wire. See *Contacting Vanguard*.

By check. You may make initial or additional purchases to your fund account by sending a check with a deposit slip or by utilizing our mobile application if your account is eligible and you are registered for online access. Also see *How to Initiate a Purchase Request*. Make your check payable to Vanguard and include the appropriate fund number (e.g., Vanguard—xx). For a list of Fund numbers (for Funds in this prospectus), see *Additional Information*.

By exchange. You may purchase shares of a Vanguard fund using the proceeds from the simultaneous redemption of shares of another Vanguard fund. You may initiate an exchange online (if you are registered for online access), by telephone, or by mail with an exchange form. See *Exchanging Shares*.

Trade Date

The trade date for any purchase request received in good order will depend on the day and time Vanguard receives your request, the manner in which you are paying, and the type of fund you are purchasing. Your purchase will be executed using the NAV as calculated on the trade date. NAVs are calculated only on days that the NYSE is open for trading (a business day). In the rare event the NYSE experiences unanticipated disruptions and is unavailable at the close of the trading day, NAVs will be calculated as of the close of regular trading on the Nasdaq (or another alternate exchange if the Nasdaq is unavailable, as determined at Vanguard's discretion), generally 4 p.m., Eastern time. The time selected for NAV calculation in this rare event shall also serve as the conclusion of the trading day. See *Share Price*.

For purchases by **check** into all funds other than money market funds and for purchases by **exchange**, **wire**, or **electronic bank transfer** into all funds: If the purchase request is received by Vanguard on a business day before the close of regular trading on the NYSE (generally 4 p.m., Eastern time), the trade date for the purchase will be the same day. If the purchase request is received on a business day after the close of regular trading on the NYSE, or on a nonbusiness day, the trade date for the purchase will be the next business day.

For purchases by **check** into money market funds: If the purchase request is received by Vanguard on a business day before the close of regular trading on the NYSE (generally 4 p.m., Eastern time), the trade date for the purchase will be the next business day. If the purchase request is received on a business day after the close of regular trading on the NYSE, or on a nonbusiness day, the trade date for the purchase will be the second business day following the day Vanguard receives the purchase request. Because money market instruments must be purchased with federal funds and it takes a money market mutual fund one business day to convert check proceeds into federal funds, the trade date for the purchase will be one business day later than for other funds.

If your purchase request is not accurate and complete, it may be rejected. See *Other Rules You Should Know—Good Order*.

For further information about purchase transactions, consult our website at *vanguard.com* or see *Contacting Vanguard*.

Other Purchase Rules You Should Know

Check purchases. All purchase checks must be written in U.S. dollars, be drawn on a U.S. bank, and be accompanied by good order instructions. Vanguard does not accept cash, traveler's checks, starter checks, or money orders. In addition, Vanguard may refuse checks that are not made payable to Vanguard.

New accounts. We are required by law to obtain from you certain personal information that we will use to verify your identity. If you do not provide the information, we may not be able to open your account. If we are unable to verify your identity, Vanguard reserves the right, without notice, to close your account or take such other steps as we deem reasonable. Certain types of accounts may require additional documentation.

Refused or rejected purchase requests. Vanguard reserves the right to stop selling fund shares or to reject any purchase request at any time and without notice, including, but not limited to, purchases requested by exchange from another Vanguard fund. This also includes the right to reject any purchase request because the investor has a history of frequent trading or because the purchase may negatively affect a fund's operation or performance.

Large purchases. Call Vanguard before attempting to invest a large dollar amount.

No cancellations. Vanguard will not accept your request to cancel any purchase request once processing has begun. Please be careful when placing a purchase request.

Redeeming Shares

How to Initiate a Redemption Request

Be sure to check Exchanging Shares, Frequent-Trading Limitations, and Other Rules You Should Know before placing your redemption request.

Online. You may request a redemption of shares or request an exchange through our website or our mobile application if your account is eligible and you are registered for online access.

By telephone. You may call Vanguard to request a redemption of shares or an exchange. See *Contacting Vanguard*.

By mail. You may send a form (available online) to Vanguard to redeem from a fund account or to make an exchange.

How to Receive Redemption Proceeds

By electronic bank transfer. You may have the proceeds of a fund redemption sent directly to a designated bank account. To establish the electronic bank transfer service on an account, you must designate a bank account online, complete a form, or fill out the appropriate section of your account registration form. After the service is set up on your account, you can redeem shares by electronic bank transfer on a regular schedule (Automatic Withdrawal Plan), if eligible, or upon request. Your redemption request can be initiated online (if you are registered for online access), by telephone, or by mail.

By wire. To receive your proceeds by wire, you may instruct Vanguard to wire your redemption proceeds (\$100 minimum) to a previously designated bank account. To establish the wire redemption service, you generally must designate a bank account online, complete a form, or fill out the appropriate section of your account registration form.

Please note that Vanguard charges a \$10 wire fee for outgoing wire redemptions. The fee is assessed in addition to, rather than being withheld from, redemption proceeds and is paid directly to the fund in which you invest. For example, if you redeem \$100 via a wire, you will receive the full \$100, and the \$10 fee will be assessed to your fund account through an additional redemption of fund shares. If you redeem your entire fund account, your redemption proceeds will be reduced by the amount of the fee. The wire fee does not apply to accounts held by Flagship and Flagship Select clients; accounts held through intermediaries, including Vanguard Brokerage Services; or accounts held by institutional clients.

By exchange. You may have the proceeds of a Vanguard fund redemption invested directly in shares of another Vanguard fund. You may initiate an exchange online (if you are registered for online access), by telephone, or by mail. See *Exchanging Shares*.

By check. If you have not chosen another redemption method, Vanguard will mail you a redemption check, generally payable to all registered account owners, normally within two business days of your trade date, and generally to the address of record.

Trade Date

The trade date for any redemption request received in good order will depend on the day and time Vanguard receives your request and the manner in which you are redeeming. Your redemption will be executed using the NAV as calculated on the trade date. NAVs are calculated only on days that the NYSE is open for trading (a business day). In the rare event the NYSE experiences unanticipated disruptions and is unavailable at the close of the trading day, NAVs will be

calculated as of the close of regular trading on the Nasdaq (or another alternate exchange if the Nasdaq is unavailable, as determined at Vanguard's discretion), generally 4 p.m., Eastern time. The time selected for NAV calculation in this rare event shall also serve as the conclusion of the trading day. See *Share Price*.

For redemptions by **check, exchange**, or **wire**: If the redemption request is received by Vanguard on a business day before the close of regular trading on the NYSE (generally 4 p.m., Eastern time), the trade date will be the same day. If the redemption request is received on a business day after the close of regular trading on the NYSE, or on a nonbusiness day, the trade date will be the next business day.

- Note on timing of wire redemptions from money market funds: For telephone requests received by Vanguard on a business day before 10:45 a.m., Eastern time (2 p.m., Eastern time, for Vanguard Cash Reserves Federal Money Market Fund; 12:30 p.m., Eastern time, for Vanguard Federal Money Market Fund), the redemption proceeds generally will leave Vanguard by the close of business the same day. For telephone requests received by Vanguard on a business day after those cut-off times, or on a nonbusiness day, and for all requests other than by telephone, the redemption proceeds generally will leave Vanguard by the close of business on the next business day.
- Note on timing of wire redemptions from all other funds: For requests received by Vanguard on a business day before the close of regular trading on the NYSE (generally 4 p.m., Eastern time), the redemption proceeds generally will leave Vanguard by the close of business on the next business day. For requests received by Vanguard on a business day after the close of regular trading on the NYSE, or on a nonbusiness day, the redemption proceeds generally will leave Vanguard by the close of business on the second business day after Vanguard receives the request.

For redemptions by **electronic bank transfer**: If the redemption request is received by Vanguard on a business day before the close of regular trading on the NYSE (generally 4 p.m., Eastern time), the trade date will be the same day. If the redemption request is received on a business day after the close of regular trading on the NYSE, or on a nonbusiness day, the trade date will be the next business day.

If your redemption request is not accurate and complete, it may be rejected. If we are unable to send your redemption proceeds by wire or electronic bank transfer because the receiving institution rejects the transfer, Vanguard will make additional efforts to complete your transaction. If Vanguard is still unable to complete the transaction, we may send the proceeds of the redemption to you by

check, generally payable to all registered account owners, or use your proceeds to purchase new shares of the fund from which you sold shares for the purpose of the wire or electronic bank transfer transaction. See *Other Rules You Should Know—Good Order*.

If your redemption request is received in good order, we typically expect that redemption proceeds will be paid by a Fund within one business day of the trade date; however, in certain circumstances, investors may experience a longer settlement period at the time of the transaction. For further information, see "Potentially disruptive redemptions" and "Emergency circumstances."

For further information about redemption transactions, consult our website at *vanguard.com* or see *Contacting Vanguard*.

Other Redemption Rules You Should Know

Documentation for certain accounts. Special documentation may be required to redeem from certain types of accounts, such as trust, corporate, nonprofit, or retirement accounts. Please call us *before* attempting to redeem from these types of accounts.

Potentially disruptive redemptions. Vanguard reserves the right to pay all or part of a redemption in kind—that is, in the form of securities—if we reasonably believe that a cash redemption would negatively affect the fund's operation or performance or that the shareholder may be engaged in market-timing or frequent trading. Under these circumstances, Vanguard also reserves the right to delay payment of the redemption proceeds for up to seven calendar days. By calling us *before* you attempt to redeem a large dollar amount, you may avoid in-kind or delayed payment of your redemption. Please see *Frequent-Trading Limitations* for information about Vanguard's policies to limit frequent trading.

Recently purchased shares. Although you can redeem shares at any time, proceeds may not be made available to you until the fund collects payment for your purchase. This may take up to seven calendar days for shares purchased by check or by electronic bank transfer. If you have written a check on a fund in an account with checkwriting privileges, that check may be rejected if your fund account does not have a sufficient available balance.

Address change. If you change your address online or by telephone, there may be up to a 14-day restriction (starting on the business day after your address is changed) on your ability to request check redemptions online and by telephone. You can request a redemption in writing (using a form available online) at any time. Confirmations of address changes are sent to both the old and new addresses.

Payment to a different person or address. At your request, we can make your redemption check payable, or wire your redemption proceeds, to a different person or send it to a different address. However, this generally requires the written consent of all registered account owners and may require additional documentation, such as a signature guarantee or a notarized signature. You may obtain a signature guarantee from some commercial or savings banks, credit unions, trust companies, or member firms of a U.S. stock exchange.

No cancellations. Vanguard will not accept your request to cancel any redemption request once processing has begun. Please be careful when placing a redemption request.

Emergency circumstances. Vanguard funds can postpone payment of redemption proceeds for up to seven calendar days. In addition, Vanguard funds can suspend redemptions and/or postpone payments of redemption proceeds beyond seven calendar days at times when the NYSE is closed or during emergency circumstances, as determined by the SEC.

Exchanging Shares

An exchange occurs when you use the proceeds from the redemption of shares of one Vanguard fund to simultaneously purchase shares of a different Vanguard fund. You can make exchange requests online (if you are registered for online access), by telephone, or by mail. See *Purchasing Shares* and *Redeeming Shares*.

If the NYSE is open for regular trading (generally until 4 p.m., Eastern time, on a business day) at the time an exchange request is received in good order, the trade date generally will be the same day. See *Other Rules You Should Know—Good Order* for additional information on all transaction requests.

Vanguard will not accept your request to cancel any exchange request once processing has begun. Please be careful when placing an exchange request.

Call Vanguard before attempting to exchange a large dollar amount. By calling us *before* you attempt to exchange a large dollar amount, you may avoid delayed or rejected transactions.

Please note that Vanguard reserves the right, without notice, to revise or terminate the exchange privilege, limit the amount of any exchange, or reject an exchange, at any time, for any reason. See *Frequent-Trading Limitations* for additional restrictions on exchanges.

Frequent-Trading Limitations

Because excessive transactions can disrupt management of a fund and increase the fund's costs for all shareholders, the board of trustees of each Vanguard fund places certain limits on frequent trading in the funds. Each Vanguard fund (other than money market funds and short-term bond funds, but including Vanguard Short-Term Inflation-Protected Securities Index Fund) limits an investor's purchases or exchanges into a fund account for 30 calendar days after the investor has redeemed or exchanged out of that fund account. ETF Shares are not subject to these frequent-trading limits.

For Vanguard Retirement Investment Program pooled plans, the limitations apply to exchanges made online or by telephone.

These frequent-trading limitations do not apply to the following:

- Certain transactions below dollar value or other thresholds specified by Vanguard.
- In-kind transactions to a shareholder's donor advised fund managed by Vanguard Charitable.
- Purchases of shares with reinvested dividend or capital gains distributions.
- Transactions through Vanguard's Automatic Investment Plan, Automatic Exchange Service, Direct Deposit Service, Automatic Withdrawal Plan, Required Minimum Distribution Service, Vanguard Small Business Online[®], and certain transactions through intermediaries relating to systematic trades and required minimum distributions.
- Discretionary transactions through Vanguard Personal Advisor Services[®], Vanguard Institutional Advisory Services[®], Vanguard Digital Advisor[™], and discretionary (advisor-directed) transactions through certain intermediaries.
- Redemptions of shares to pay fund or account fees.
- Redemptions of shares to remove excess shareholder contributions to certain types of retirement accounts (including, but not limited to, IRAs and Vanguard Individual 401(k) Plans).
- Transfers and reregistrations of shares within the same fund.
- Purchases of shares by asset transfer or direct rollover.
- · Conversions of shares from one share class to another in the same fund.
- · Checkwriting redemptions.
- Section 529 college savings plans.
- Certain approved institutional portfolios and asset allocation programs, as well as trades made by funds or trusts managed by Vanguard or its affiliates that

invest in other Vanguard funds. (Please note that *shareholders* of Vanguard's funds of funds *are* subject to the limitations.)

For participants in employer-sponsored defined contribution plans,* the frequent-trading limitations *do not* apply to:

- Purchases of shares with participant payroll or employer contributions or loan repayments.
- Purchases of shares with reinvested dividend or capital gains distributions.
- Distributions, loans, and in-service withdrawals from a plan.
- Redemptions of shares as part of a plan termination or at the direction of the plan.
- Transactions executed through the Vanguard Managed Account Program.
- · Redemptions of shares to pay fund or account fees.
- Share or asset transfers or rollovers.
- · Reregistrations of shares.
- · Conversions of shares from one share class to another in the same fund.
- Exchange requests submitted by written request to Vanguard. (Exchange requests submitted by fax, if otherwise permitted, *are* subject to the limitations.)
- * The following Vanguard fund accounts are subject to the frequent-trading limitations: SEP-IRAs, SIMPLE IRAs, certain Individual 403(b)(7) Custodial Accounts, and Vanguard Individual 401(k) Plans.

Accounts Held by Institutions (Other Than Defined Contribution Plans) Vanguard will systematically monitor for frequent trading in institutional clients' accounts. If we detect suspicious trading activity, we will investigate and take appropriate action, which may include applying to a client's accounts the 30-day policy previously described, prohibiting a client's purchases of fund shares, and/or revoking the client's exchange privilege.

Accounts Held by Intermediaries

When intermediaries establish accounts in Vanguard funds for the benefit of their clients, we cannot always monitor the trading activity of the individual clients. However, we review trading activity at the intermediary (omnibus) level, and if we detect suspicious activity, we will investigate and take appropriate action. If necessary, Vanguard may prohibit additional purchases of fund shares by an intermediary, including for the benefit of certain of the intermediary's clients. Intermediaries also may monitor their clients' trading activities with respect to Vanguard funds.

For those Vanguard funds that charge purchase and/or redemption fees, intermediaries will be asked to assess these fees on client accounts and remit these fees to the funds. The application of purchase and redemption fees and frequent-trading limitations may vary among intermediaries. There are no assurances that Vanguard will successfully identify all intermediaries or that intermediaries will properly assess purchase and redemption fees or administer frequent-trading limitations. If you invest with Vanguard through an intermediary, please read that firm's materials carefully to learn of any other rules or fees that may apply.

Other Rules You Should Know

Prospectus and Shareholder Report Mailings

When two or more shareholders have the same last name and address, just one summary prospectus (or prospectus) and/or shareholder report may be sent in an attempt to eliminate the unnecessary expense of duplicate mailings. You may request individual prospectuses and reports by contacting our Client Services Department in writing, by telephone, or online. See *Contacting Vanguard*.

Vanguard.com

Registration. If you are a registered user of *vanguard.com*, you can review your account holdings; buy, sell, or exchange shares of most Vanguard funds; and perform most other transactions through our website. You must register for this service online.

Electronic delivery. Vanguard can deliver your account statements, transaction confirmations, prospectuses, certain tax forms, and shareholder reports electronically. If you are a registered user of *vanguard.com*, you can consent to the electronic delivery of these documents by logging on and changing your mailing preferences under "Account Maintenance." You can revoke your electronic consent at any time through our website, and we will begin to send paper copies of these documents within 30 days of receiving your revocation.

Telephone Transactions

Automatic. When we set up your account, we will automatically enable you to do business with us by telephone, *unless you instruct us otherwise in writing*.

Proof of a caller's authority. We reserve the right to refuse a telephone request if the caller is unable to provide the requested information or if we reasonably believe that the caller is not an individual authorized to act on the account. Before we allow a caller to act on an account, we may request the following information:

- Authorization to act on the account (as the account owner or by legal documentation or other means).
- · Account registration and address.
- · Fund name and account number, if applicable.
- Other information relating to the caller, the account owner, or the account.

Good Order

We reserve the right to reject any transaction instructions that are not in "good order." Good order generally means that your instructions:

- Are provided by the person(s) authorized in accordance with Vanguard's policies and procedures to access the account and request transactions.
- · Include the fund name and account number.
- Include the amount of the transaction (stated in dollars, shares, or percentage).

Written instructions also must generally be provided on a Vanguard form and include:

- Signature(s) and date from the authorized person(s).
- Signature guarantees or notarized signatures, if required for the type of transaction. (Call Vanguard for specific requirements.)
- Any supporting documentation that may be required.

Good order requirements may vary among types of accounts and transactions. For more information, consult our website at *vanguard.com* or see *Contacting Vanguard*.

Vanguard reserves the right, without notice, to revise the requirements for good order.

Future Trade-Date Requests

Vanguard does not accept requests to hold a purchase, redemption, or exchange transaction for a future date. All such requests will receive trade dates as previously described in *Purchasing Shares*, *Redeeming Shares*, and *Exchanging Shares*. Vanguard reserves the right to return future-dated purchase checks.

Accounts With More Than One Owner

If an account has more than one owner or authorized person, Vanguard generally will accept instructions from any one owner or authorized person.

Responsibility for Fraud

You should take precautions to protect yourself from fraud. Keep your account-related information private, and review any account confirmations, statements, or other information that we provide to you as soon as you receive them. Let us know immediately if you discover unauthorized activity or see something on your account that you do not understand or that looks unusual.

Vanguard will not be responsible for losses that result from transactions by a person who we reasonably believe is authorized to act on your account.

Uncashed Checks

Please cash your distribution or redemption checks promptly. Vanguard will not pay interest on uncashed checks. Vanguard may be required to transfer assets related to uncashed checks to a state under the state's abandoned property law.

Dormant Accounts

If your account has no activity in it for a period of time, Vanguard may be required to transfer it to a state under the state's abandoned property law, subject to potential federal or state withholding taxes.

Unusual Circumstances

If you experience difficulty contacting Vanguard online or by telephone, you can send us your transaction request on a Vanguard form by regular or express mail.

Investing With Vanguard Through Other Firms

You may purchase or sell shares of most Vanguard funds through a financial intermediary, such as a bank, a broker, or an investment advisor. Please consult your financial intermediary to determine which, if any, shares are available through that firm and to learn about other rules that may apply. Your financial intermediary can provide you with account information and any required tax forms. You may be required to pay a commission on purchases of mutual fund shares made through a financial intermediary.

Please see *Frequent-Trading Limitations—Accounts Held by Intermediaries* for information about the assessment of any purchase or redemption fees and the monitoring of frequent trading for accounts held by intermediaries.

Account Service Fee

Vanguard may charge a \$25 account service fee on fund accounts that have a balance below \$5,000,000 for any reason, including market fluctuation. The account service fee may be applied to both retirement and nonretirement fund accounts and may be assessed on fund accounts in all Vanguard funds, regardless of the account minimum. The fee, which will be collected by redeeming fund shares in the amount of \$25, will be deducted from fund accounts subject to the fee once per calendar year.

Certain account types have alternative fee structures, including SIMPLE IRAs, Vanguard Retirement Investment Program pooled plans, and Vanguard Individual 401(k) Plans.

Low-Balance Accounts

Each Fund reserves the right to liquidate a fund account whose balance falls below the account minimum for any reason, including market fluctuation. This liquidation policy applies to nonretirement fund accounts and accounts that are held through intermediaries. Any such liquidation will be preceded by written notice to the investor.

Right to Change Policies

In addition to the rights expressly stated elsewhere in this prospectus, Vanguard reserves the right, without notice, to (1) alter, add, or discontinue any conditions of purchase (including eligibility requirements), redemption, exchange, service, or privilege at any time and (2) alter, impose, discontinue, or waive any purchase fee, redemption fee, account service fee, or other fee charged to a shareholder or a group of shareholders. Changes may affect any or all investors. These actions will be taken when, at the sole discretion of Vanguard management, Vanguard believes they are in the best interest of a fund.

Account Restrictions

Vanguard reserves the right to: (1) redeem all or a portion of a fund/account to meet a legal obligation, including tax withholding, tax lien, garnishment order, or other obligation imposed on your account by a court or government agency; (2) redeem shares, close an account, or suspend account privileges, features, or options in the case of threatening conduct or activity; (3) redeem shares, close an account, or suspend account privileges, features, or options if Vanguard believes or suspects that not doing so could result in a suspicious, fraudulent, or illegal transaction; (4) place restrictions on the ability to redeem any or all shares in an account if it is required to do so by a court or government agency; (5) place restrictions on the ability to redeem any or all shares in an account if Vanguard believes that doing so will prevent fraud, financial exploitation or abuse, or to

protect vulnerable investors; (6) freeze any account and/or suspend account services if Vanguard has received reasonable notice of a dispute regarding the assets in an account, including notice of a dispute between the registered or beneficial account owners; and (7) freeze any account and/or suspend account services upon initial notification to Vanguard of the death of an account owner.

Shareholder Rights

Each Fund's Agreement and Declaration of Trust, as amended, requires a shareholder bringing a derivative action on behalf of Vanguard Chester Funds (the Trust) that is subject to a pre-suit demand to collectively hold at least 10% of the outstanding shares of a Trust or at least 10% of the outstanding shares of the series or class to which the demand relates and to undertake to reimburse the Trust for the expense of any counsel or advisors used when considering the merits of the demand in the event that the board of trustees determines not to bring such action. In each case, these requirements do not apply to claims arising under the federal securities laws to the extent that any such federal securities laws, rules, or regulations do not permit such application.

Fund and Account Updates

Confirmation Statements

We will send (or provide through our website, whichever you prefer) a confirmation of your trade date and the amount of your transaction when you buy, sell, or exchange shares. However, we will not send confirmations reflecting only checkwriting redemptions or the reinvestment of dividend or capital gains distributions. For any month in which you had a checkwriting redemption, a Checkwriting Activity Statement will be sent to you itemizing the checkwriting redemptions for that month. Promptly review each confirmation statement that we provide to you. It is important that you contact Vanguard immediately with any questions you may have about any transaction reflected on a confirmation statement, or Vanguard will consider the transaction properly processed.

Portfolio Summaries

We will send (or provide through our website, whichever you prefer) quarterly portfolio summaries to help you keep track of your accounts throughout the year. Each summary shows the market value of your account at the close of the statement period, as well as all distributions, purchases, redemptions, exchanges, and transfers for the current calendar quarter (or month). Promptly review each summary that we provide to you. It is important that you contact

Vanguard immediately with any questions you may have about any transaction reflected on the summary, or Vanguard will consider the transaction properly processed.

Tax Information Statements

For most accounts, Vanguard (or your intermediary) is required to provide annual tax forms to assist you in preparing your income tax returns. These forms are generally available for each calendar year early in the following year. Registered users of *vanguard.com* can also view certain forms through our website. Vanguard (or your intermediary) may also provide you with additional tax-related documentation. For more information, consult our website at *vanguard.com* or see *Contacting Vanguard*.

Annual and Semiannual Reports

We will send (or provide through our website, whichever you prefer) reports about Vanguard Target Retirement Funds twice a year, in May and November. These reports include overviews of the financial markets and provide the following specific Fund information:

- · Performance assessments and comparisons with industry benchmarks.
- · Financial statements with listings of Fund holdings.

Portfolio Holdings

Please consult the Funds' *Statement of Additional Information* or our website for a description of the policies and procedures that govern disclosure of a Fund's portfolio holdings.

Employer-Sponsored Plans

Your plan administrator or your employee benefits office can provide you with detailed information on how to participate in your plan and how to elect a Fund as an investment option.

- If you have any questions about a Fund or Vanguard, including those about a Fund's investment objective, strategies, or risks, contact Vanguard Participant Services toll-free at 800-523-1188 or visit our website at *vanguard.com*.
- If you have questions about your account, contact your plan administrator or the organization that provides recordkeeping services for your plan.
- Be sure to carefully read each topic that pertains to your transactions with Vanguard.

Vanguard reserves the right to change its policies without notice to shareholders.

Transactions

Processing times for your transaction requests may differ among recordkeepers or among transaction and funding types. Your plan's recordkeeper (which may also be Vanguard) will determine the necessary processing time frames for your transaction requests prior to submission to a Fund. Consult your recordkeeper or plan administrator for more information.

If Vanguard is serving as your plan recordkeeper and if your transaction involves one or more investments with an early cut-off time for processing or another trading restriction, your entire transaction will be subject to the restriction when the trade date for your transaction is determined.

Contacting Vanguard

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Vanguard.com	For the most complete source of Vanguard news		
	For fund, account, and service information		
	For most account transactions		
	For literature requests		
	24 hours a day, 7 days a week		
Phone			
Investor Information 800-662-7447	For fund and service information		
(Text telephone for people with	For literature requests		
hearing impairment at 800-749-7273)			
Client Services 800-662-2739	For account information		
(Text telephone for people with	For most account transactions		
hearing impairment at 800-749-7273)			
Participant Services 800-523-1188	For information and services for participants in		
(Text telephone for people with	employer-sponsored plans		
hearing impairment at 800-749-7273)			
Institutional Division	For information and services for large institutional		
888-809-8102	investors		
Financial Advisor and Intermediary	For information and services for financial intermediaries		
Sales Support 800-997-2798	including financial advisors, broker-dealers, trust		
	institutions, and insurance companies		
Financial Advisory and Intermediary	For account information and trading support for		
Trading Support 800-669-0498	financial intermediaries including financial advisors,		
	broker-dealers, trust institutions, and insurance		
	companies		

Additional Information

Each Fund's Bylaws require, unless the Trust otherwise consents in writing, that the U.S. Federal District Courts be the sole and exclusive forum for the resolution of complaints under the Securities Act of 1933. This provision may limit a shareholder's ability to bring a claim in a different forum and may result in increased shareholder costs in pursuing such a claim.

	Inception	Newspaper	Vanguard	CUSIP
Vanguard Fund	Date	Abbreviation	Fund Number	Number
Vanguard Target Retirement Income Fund	10/27/2003	TgtRetInc	308	92202E102
Vanguard Target Retirement 2020 Fund	6/7/2006	TgtRe2020	682	92202E805
Vanguard Target Retirement 2025 Fund	10/27/2003	TgtRe2025	304	92202E409
Vanguard Target Retirement 2030 Fund	6/7/2006	TgtRe2030	695	92202E888
Vanguard Target Retirement 2035 Fund	10/27/2003	TgtRe2035	305	92202E508
Vanguard Target Retirement 2040 Fund	6/7/2006	TgtRe2040	696	92202E870
Vanguard Target Retirement 2045 Fund	10/27/2003	TgtRe2045	306	92202E607
Vanguard Target Retirement 2050 Fund	6/7/2006	TgtRe2050	699	92202E862
Vanguard Target Retirement 2055 Fund	8/18/2010	TgtRet2055	1487	92202E847
Vanguard Target Retirement 2060 Fund	1/19/2012	TgtRe2060	1691	92202E839
Vanguard Target Retirement 2065 Fund	7/12/2017	Van2065TRF	1791	92202E680
Vanguard Target Retirement 2070 Fund	6/28/2022	Van2070TRF	V009	92202E664

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Glossary of Investment Terms

Acquired Fund. Any mutual fund, business development company, closed-end investment company, or other pooled investment vehicle whose shares are owned by a fund.

Active Management. An investment approach that seeks to exceed the average returns of a particular financial market or market segment. In selecting securities to buy and sell, active managers may rely on, among other things, research, market forecasts, quantitative models, and their own judgment and experience.

Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index. An index that is the broadest representation of the taxable U.S. bond market, including most U.S. Treasury, agency, corporate, mortgage-backed, asset-backed, and international dollar-denominated issues, all with investment-grade ratings (rated Baa3 or above by Moody's) and maturities of 1 year or more.

Bond. A debt security issued by a corporation, a government, or a government agency in exchange for the money the bondholder lends it. In most instances, the issuer agrees to pay back the loan by a specific date and generally to make regular interest payments until that date.

Capital Gains Distributions. Payments to mutual fund shareholders of gains realized on securities that a fund has sold at a profit, minus any realized losses.

Common Stock. A security representing ownership rights in a corporation.

Coupon Rate. The interest rate paid by the issuer of a debt security until its maturity. It is expressed as an annual percentage of the face value of the security.

Dividend Distributions. Payments to mutual fund shareholders of income from interest or dividends generated by a fund's investments.

Expense Ratio. A fund's total annual operating expenses expressed as a percentage of the fund's average net assets. The expense ratio includes management and administrative expenses, but it does not include the transaction costs of buying and selling portfolio securities.

Face Value. The amount to be paid at a bond's maturity; also known as the par value or principal.

Fixed Income Security. An investment, such as a bond, representing a debt that must be repaid by a specified date, and on which the borrower may pay a fixed, variable, or floating rate of interest.

Float-Adjusted Index. An index that weights its constituent securities based on the value of the constituent securities that are available for public trading, rather than the value of all constituent securities. Some portion of an issuer's securities may be unavailable for public trading because, for example, those securities are owned by company insiders on a restricted basis or by a government agency. By excluding unavailable securities, float-adjusted indexes can produce a more accurate picture of the returns actually experienced by investors in the measured market.

Fund of Funds. A fund that pursues its objective by investing in other funds.

Inception Date. The date on which the assets of a fund are first invested in accordance with the fund's investment objective. For funds with a subscription period, the inception date is the day after that period ends. Investment performance is generally measured from the inception date.

Indexing. A low-cost investment strategy in which a mutual fund attempts to track—rather than outperform—a specified market benchmark, or "index."

Investment-Grade Bond. A debt security whose credit quality is considered by independent bond rating agencies, or through independent analysis conducted by a fund's advisor, to be sufficient to ensure timely payment of principal and interest under current economic circumstances. Debt securities rated in one of the four highest rating categories are considered investment-grade. Other debt securities may be considered by an advisor to be investment-grade.

Joint Committed Credit Facility. Each Fund participates, along with other funds managed by Vanguard, in a committed credit facility provided by a syndicate of lenders pursuant to a credit agreement that may be renewed annually; each Vanguard fund is individually liable for its borrowings, if any, under the credit facility. The amount and terms of the committed credit facility are subject to approval by the Funds' board of trustees and renegotiation with the lender syndicate on an annual basis.

Median Market Capitalization. An indicator of the size of companies in which a fund invests; the midpoint of market capitalization (market price x shares outstanding) of a fund's stocks, weighted by the proportion of the fund's assets invested in each stock. Stocks representing half of the fund's assets have market capitalizations above the median, and the rest are below it.

MSCI US Broad Market Index. An index that tracks virtually all stocks that trade in the U.S. stock market.

Mutual Fund. An investment company that pools the money of many people and invests it in a variety of securities in an effort to achieve a specific objective over time.

New York Stock Exchange (NYSE). A stock exchange based in New York City that is open for regular trading on business days, Monday through Friday, from 9:30 a.m. to 4 p.m., Eastern time.

Principal. The face value of a debt instrument or the amount of money put into an investment.

Return of Capital. A return of capital occurs when a fund's distributions exceed its earnings in a fiscal year. A return of capital is a return of all or part of your original investment or amounts paid in excess of your original investment in a fund. In general, a return of capital reduces your cost basis in a fund's shares and is not taxable to you until your cost basis has been reduced to zero.

Target Retirement Income Composite Index. Index derived by applying the fund's target asset allocation to the results of the following benchmarks: for international stocks, the MSCI ACWI ex USA IMI Index through June 2, 2013, and the FTSE Global All Cap ex US Index thereafter; for U.S. bonds, the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index, as well as the Bloomberg U.S. Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities Index through June 2, 2013, and the Bloomberg U.S. Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities (TIPS) 0–5 Year Index thereafter; for short-term reserves, the Citigroup Three-Month Treasury Bill Index through June 2, 2013; for international bonds, the Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD Float Adjusted RIC Capped Index Hedged beginning June 3, 2013; and for U.S. stocks, the MSCI US Broad Market Index through June 2, 2013, and the CRSP US Total Market Index thereafter. International stock benchmark returns are adjusted for withholding taxes.

Target Retirement 2020 and 2025 Composite Indexes. Indexes derived by applying the applicable Target Retirement Fund's target asset allocation to the results of the following benchmarks: for international stocks, the MSCI ACWI ex USA IMI Index through June 2, 2013, and the FTSE Global All Cap ex US Index thereafter; for U.S. bonds, the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index and the Bloomberg U.S. Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities (TIPS) 0-5 Year Index; for international bonds, the Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD Float Adjusted RIC Capped Index Hedged beginning June 3, 2013; and for U.S. stocks, the MSCI US Broad Market Index through June 2, 2013, and the CRSP US Total Market Index thereafter. International stock benchmark returns are adjusted for withholding taxes.

Target Retirement 2030, 2035, 2040, 2045, 2050, 2055, 2060 Composite Indexes. Indexes derived by applying the applicable Target Retirement Fund's target asset allocation to the results of the following benchmarks: for international stocks, the MSCI ACWI ex USA IMI Index through June 2, 2013, and the FTSE Global All Cap ex US Index thereafter; for U.S. bonds, the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index; for international bonds, the Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD Float Adjusted RIC Capped Index Hedged beginning June 3, 2013; and for U.S. stocks, the MSCI US Broad Market Index through June 2, 2013, and the CRSP US Total Market Index thereafter. International stock benchmark returns are adjusted for withholding taxes.

Target Retirement 2065 and 2070 Composite Indexes. Indexes derived by applying the applicable Target Retirement Fund's target asset allocation to the results of the following benchmarks: for international stocks, the FTSE Global All Cap ex US Index; for U.S. Bonds, the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Float Adjusted Index; for international bonds, the Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD Float Adjusted RIC Capped Index Hedged; and for U.S. stocks, and the CRSP US Total Market Index for U.S. stocks. International stock benchmark returns are adjusted for withholding taxes.

Total Return. A percentage change, over a specified time period, in a mutual fund's net asset value, assuming the reinvestment of all distributions of dividends and capital gains.

Volatility. The fluctuations in value of a mutual fund or other security. The greater a fund's volatility, the wider the fluctuations in its returns.

Yield. Income (interest or dividends) earned by an investment, expressed as a percentage of the investment's price.

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For More Information

If you would like more information about Vanguard Target Retirement Funds, the following documents are available free upon request:

Annual/Semiannual Reports to Shareholders

Additional information about the Funds' investments is available in the Funds' annual and semiannual reports to shareholders. In the annual reports, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Funds' performance during their last fiscal year.

Statement of Additional Information (SAI)

The SAI provides more detailed information about the Funds and is incorporated by reference into (and thus legally a part of) this prospectus.

To receive a free copy of the latest annual or semiannual reports or the SAI, or to request additional information about the Funds or other Vanguard funds, please visit vanguard.com or contact us as follows:

If you are an individual investor: Telephone: 800-662-7447; Text telephone for people with hearing impairment: 800-749-7273 If you are a participant in an employer-sponsored plan:

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Client Services Department

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Information Provided by the SEC

Reports and other information about the Funds are available in the EDGAR database on the SEC's website at sec.gov, or you can receive copies of this information, for a fee, by electronic request at the following email address: publicinfo@sec.gov.

Funds' Investment Company Act file number: 811-04098

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